The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXVI. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1903. NO. 11.

CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

GENERAL REVIEW OF MAJOR AND MINOR EVENTS.

Experiences of the Rank and File—Anecdotes and Observations.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

On Jan. 16th one hundred and twenty of us from the 148th P. V. were sent on picket duty to the Rappahannock river. The weather was exceedingly cold; yet at midnight three Johnnie Rebels swam and waded the icy waters of the Rappahannock and surrendered, saying that they had been impressed into the Confederate service, but they had resolved not to fight for secession; that there were some twenty more who had agreed to come with them but failed to be on hand at the appointed hour and they would not wait for them. We made coffee for them and fed them full of crackers and pork, and sent them to the rear to Headquarters.

On Jan. 19th marching orders were again circulated through the entire army to be ready for extended move and next morning the Left Grand Division, under Maj. General Franklin, whose camps were five miles below us began to move by and through our camp, north on all available roads and open fields, presenting a magnificent sight. Endless columns of soldiers with flags and banners; ponton bridge trains; wagon trains, the head and rear extending out of sight lost in woods and hills in the distance; all wagons alike, with white canvas covers; battery after battery of artillery moved laboriously along the muddy roads.

That very evening heavy rains set in and continued all night and next day, rendering the roads absolutely impassable. The roads were canals of liquid mud, axle deep. Just above our camp a heavy field gun stuck in the mud, and twenty-four horses could not, or would not, pull it out; the horses were all taken away. An inch and a half rope one hundred and fifty feet long was attached and a regiment of soldiers lined up on both sides of the rope, in mud almost knee deep, and took hold; for a few minutes they stood quietly in the mud; on seeing that all were ready the colonel gave the command—Go! The rope straightened like an iron rod, and the cannon began to move; and, though the axle now and then pushed the mud, then rising high over rock or root, to plunge down on one or both sides, the axles loudly knocking in the hub box, it halted not till it stood on solid ground off the road; in this way the whole battery was taken out of the mud. This was the only way the heavy guns were or could be moved through or out of deep mud, or up steep hills. But it was wonderful how a regiment would move those heavy guns through mud of any depth or up any hill.

On Jan. 21st orders instituting this campaign were countermanded, and the entire movement was halted; the army could not be supplied in this condition; they must get out of the mud or starve; therefore, on January 22nd the troops were ordered back to their former camps; to get back was as big a job as to go on. It rained every day until the evening of the 28th when the rain changed into snow, and on the morning of the 29th we had a snow eight inches deep, and the weather turned very cold; the snow began to thaw on the 31st and by the evening of Feb. 2nd was all gone into mud, which was something astounding; two weeks passed before the army was again fully settled in their former camps, and this movement went into history as "Burnsides Campaign in the Mud."

The appearance and condition of the soldiers can not be imagined or described; they were soaked from head to foot and so completely plastered with mud that they realized that no more could hang on and they no longer cared for it; they marched with absolute indifference through it, making no effort to avoid it whether it was shoe deep or knee deep.

This was the most demoralizing campaign of all.

On Sunday morning, Feb. 1st a heavy detail from the 148th, myself included, plodded through the eight inch snow and the deep mud under it, four miles down along the Rappahannock river on picket duty; we remained on post twenty-four hours, without fires; cold, our shoes full of snow, mud and water; it took us the greater part of the day following to get home, through the awful mud and completely worn out; many contracting colds which it required weeks to cure.

Rain and snow alternated rapidly, with a few fair days until the middle of February.

An epidemic of sickness broke out in the army about the 8th—10th of the month, a malignant fever and for some time the soldiers died rapidly in great numbers; in the 148th it broke out the 8th and 9th. It did not spread by contagion, but seemed to attack all at the same time; very few escaped. The regimental hospital was soon full, and every company established a company hospital. Co. "A" established its company hospital the second day, and ten men were carried and led into it, and Captain Forster appointed comrade Henry Crouse as nurse; he escaped throughout, and many of the boys remember seeing and hearing him coax and tussel with his delirious patients; with his coat off, and his white hair parted down the middle of the back of his head, brushed down tight to the scalp, working day and night with his troublesome patients without a murmur. In forty-eight hours more, however, every tent was a hospital; there were hardly enough soldiers remaining well to take care of the sick and bury the dead, and we had none for "duty." This was the darkest period in the history of the regiment.

During this epidemic and resulting effects the regiment lost nearly one hundred men in dead and permanently debilitated. Among the dead were the following members of Co. "A:" Henry Wolf, Griffin Garret, Geo. E. Lose, Samuel Crape, James Beirley, Samuel Wolf, Daniel Shaffer, Martin Grove and Simon Stover.

THE LEGEND OF PENN'S CAVE.

The Story as Told by an Old Seneca Indian in "Wild Life in Western Pennsylvania" by H. W. Shoemaker, N. Y.

In the days when the West Branch Valley was a trackless wilderness of defiant pines and submissive hemlocks, twenty-five years before the first pioneer had attempted a permanent lodgment beyond Sunbury, a young Pennsylvania Frenchman from Lancaster County, named Malachi Boyer, alone and unaided, pierced the jungle to the point where Bellefonte now stands. The history of his travels has never been written, partly because he had no white companion to observe them, and partly because he himself was unable to write. His very indentity would now be forgotten were it not for traditions of the Indians, with whose lives he became strangely entangled.

A short, stockily built fellow was Malachi Boyer, with unusually prominent black eyes, and black hair that hung in ribbon-like strands over his broad, low forehead. Fearless, yet conciliatory, he escaped a thousand times from Indian cunning and treachery, and as months went by and he penetrated further into the forests he numbered the redskins among his cherished friends.

Why he explored these boundless wilds he could not explain, for it was not in the interest of science, as he scarcely knew of such a thing as geography, and it was not for trading, as he lived by the way. But on he forced his path, ever aloof from his own race, on the alert for the strange scenes which encompassed him day by day.

One beautiful Springtime, there is no one can tell the exact year, found Malachi Boyer camped on the shores of Spring Creek. Near the Mammoth Spring was an Indian camp whose occupants maintained a quasi-intercourse with the pale-faced stranger. Sometimes old Chief O-ko-cho would bring gifts of corn to Malachi, who in turn presented the chieftain with a hunting knife of truest steel. And in this way Malachi came to spend more and more of his time about the Indian camps, only keeping his distance at night and during religious ceremonies.

Old O-ko-cho's chief pride was centered in his seven stalwart sons, Humkin, Ho-ko-lin, Too-chin, Os-tin, Chaw-kee-bin, A-ha-kin, Ko-io-pa-kin and his Diana-like daughter, Nita-nee. The seven brothers resolved themselves into a guard of honor for their sister, who had many suitors, among whom was the young chief, E-faw, from the adjoining sub-tribe of the A-caw-ko-taws. But Nita-nee gently though firmly repulsed her numerous suitors, until such time as her father should give her in marriage to one worthy of her regal blood.

Thus ran the course of Indian life when Malachi Boyer made his bed of hemlock boughs by the gurgling waters of Spring Creek. And it was the first sight of her, washing a deer skin in the stream, that led him to prolong his stay and ingratiate himself with her father's tribe.

Few were the words which passed between Malachi and Nita-nee, many the glances, and often did the handsome pair meet in the mossy ravines near the camp ground. But this was all clandestine love, for friendly as Indian and white might be in social intercourse, never could a marriage be tolerated, until—there always is a turning point in romance—the black-haired wanderer and the beautiful Nita-nee resolved to spend their lives together, and one moonless night started for the more habitable east. All night long they threaded their silent way, climbing the mountain ridges, gliding through the velvet soiled hemlock glades, and wading, hand in hand, the splashing, resolute torrents. When morning came they breakfasted on dried meat and huckleberries, and bathed their faces in a mineral spring. Until—there always is a turning point in romance—seven tall, stealthy forms, like animated mountain pines, stepped from the gloom and surrounded the eloping couple. Malachi drew a hunting knife, identical with the one he had given to Chief O-ko-cho, and seizing Nita-nee around the waist, stabbed right and left at his would-be captors. The first stroke pierced Hum-kin's heart, and uncomplaining he sank down dying. The six remaining brothers, although all recieved stab wounds, caught Malachi in their combined grasp and disarmed him; then one brother held sobbing Nita-nee, while the others dragged fighting Malachi across the mountain. That was the last the lovers saw of one another. Below the mountain lay a broad valley, from the center of which rose a circular hillock, and it was to this mound the savage brothers led their victim. As they approached, a yawning cavern met their eyes, filled with greenish limestone water. There is a ledge at the mouth of the cave, about six feet higher than the water, above which the arched roof rises thirty feet, and it was from here they shoved Malachi Boyer into the tide below. He sank for a moment, but when he rose to the surface, commenced to swim. He approached the ledge but the brothers beat him back, so he turned and made for some dry land in the rear of the cavern. Two brothers ran from the entrance over the ridge to where there is another small opening, but though Malachi tried his best, in the impenetrable darkness he could not find this or any other avenue of escape. Every day for a week he renewed his efforts of escape, but the brothers were never absent. Hunger became unbearable, his strength gave way but he vowed he would not let the redskins see him die, so forcing himself into one of the futhermost labyrinths, Malachi Boyer breathed his last.

Two days afterward the brothers entered the cave and discovered his body They touched not the coins in his pockets, but weighted him with stones and dropped him into the greenish limestone water. And after these many years those who have heard this legend declare that on the still summer nights an unaccountable echo rings through the cave which sounds like "Nita-nee, Nita-nee!"

A Rare Bargain.

Our regular $4.50 Cabinets for a short time for $3 00. A discount of 33⅓ per cent. This is not an advertising dodge but a straight tip. If you want pictures now is your opportunity. At Centre Hall every Friday except Friday, the 13.

W. W. SMITH.

LOCALS.

Considerable garden truck was planted last week in Northumberland county. In Montgomery county some farmers had their entire oats crop sown previous to the latter part of the week.

The marriage of Miss Harriet R. Felty and Harry Shugerts, both of near Boalsburg, occurred Wednesday of last week. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Stonecypher, of the Boalsburg Lutheran church.

John H. Martin has not yet been confirmed as postmaster at Clearfield. It has been decided to leave it to a vote of the people of Clearfield. They will vote on March 14th. John M. Chase, Jr., is the other candidate.

Mrs. Elizabeth Hall Reed died in Renovo, aged sixty-six years. She was the widow of Prof. John T. Reed, and daughter of the late T. Miller Hall, of Milesburg, who at one time was sheriff of this county.

F. M. Crawford, salesman for the Potter-Hoy hardware company, Bellefonte, was one of the callers at this office who willfully planked down subscription money. Mr. Crawford is particularly well suited to his business, and applies himself very closely to his work.

The Pittsburg Dispatch gives free a Mother Goose Paint Book to children who secure five persons to take The Sunday Dispatch for ten weeks. You don't have to collect any money from the subscribers. The book is a great educational novelty and sells at $1.50 each. Every child should have one, and anyone can get five persons to take Pittsburg's great Sunday newspaper for ten weeks. Write to The Dispatch for blanks.

ASSIGNMENT OF MINISTERS.

Central Pennsylvania Body Adjourns when These were Made Known.

The ninth annual meeting of the Central Pennsylvania Conference of the United Evangelical church, in session at Baltimore closed Tuesday night with the announcement of assignments of the ministers to the various stations, a list of which appears below.

YORK DISTRICT.
J. W. Messenger, presiding elder.
York, Grace—J. Hartzler.
Baltimore, Grace—M. A. Kennally.
Shrewsbury—F. H. Foss.
Loganville—J. D. Stover.
East Prospect—E. D. Keen.
Red Lion—C. W. Finkbinder.

CARLISLE DISTRICT.
J. C. Reeser, presiding elder.
Mount Holly Springs—B. Hengst.
Dillsburg—W. W. Rhoads.
Hellam—L. E. Crumbling.
Wrightsville—A. Stapleton.
Marysville—D. L. Kepner.

CENTER DISTRICT.
E. Crumbling, presiding elder.
Altoona—M. I. Jamison.
Bellwood—C. F. Garrett.
Milesburg—W. K. Shultz.
Bellefonte—W. H. Brown.
Howard—D. A. Artman.
Nittany—J. M. Price.
Sugar Valley—A. S. Baumgardner.
Rebersburg—S. Smith.
Centre Hall—J. F. Shultz.
Spring Mills—W. C. Bierley.
Millheim—I. N. Bair.
Millmont—S. Aurand and E. I. Confer.
Mifflinburg—C. C. Mizener.
Buffalo—L. Dice.
New Berlin—S. E. Koontz.
Centerville—N. J. Dubs.
Middleburg—J. Womelsdorf.
McClure—A. D. Gramley.
Port Treverton—H. T. Searle.
Lewistown—N. Young.
Patterson—S. S. Mumey.
Dr. A. E. Gobble, of Albright College, member of New Berlin Quarterly Conference.
George Josephs, member of Lewistown Quarterly Conference.

LEWISBURG DISTRICT.
W. F. Swengel, presiding elder.
Lewisburg—J. W. Thompson.
Milton—J. D. Shortess.
Milton Circuit—J. A. Foss.
Berwick—H. W. Buck.
Nescopec—D. F. Young.

WILLIAMSPORT DISTRICT.
S. P. Remer, presiding elder.
Williamsport, Newberry—G. W. Currin.
Williamsport, Circuit—J. M. King.
Hughesville—J. J. Lohr.
White Deer—C. H. Goodling and H. C. Walker.
Lock Haven—J. F. Dunlap.
Lock Haven, Circuit—W. N. Wallis.

It was decided that the next conference should convene the first Thursday in March 1904. The selection of a place was referred to a committee composed of the presiding elders.

The members of the Conference visited Washington Wednesday and were received by the President.

LOCALS.

Advertise in the Reporter.

In unity there is strength.

Rain, rain, go away; come back some other day.

Mrs. Ed. Robison will not move to Pittsburg, but will occupy the Odenkirk property after April 1st.

There will be no new state at least until after the assembling of the new congress in December next.

Samuel F. Snyder Monday returned to Pittsburg where he is engaged as a stair builder by a large contractor.

Rev. G. W. Kershner will make sale of his personal property Saturday afternoon at the Reformed parsonage.

Rev. J. F. Shultz Monday returned from the Conference of the United Evangelical church owing to illness.

Miss Sallie Lee, of Linden Hall, for several days this week was the guest of Miss Margie Strohm, at Centre Hill.

Mrs. John C. Bible, of Centre Hill, Saturday returned from York, where she visited her daughter, Mrs. Daniel C. Rossman.

Horses, cattle, machinery and wares of all sort, are bringing fair prices at public sales. No particular fancy prices have been paid thus far for either horses or cattle.

An examination for mail carrier was held at the hotel Wednesday morning. The applicants were Messrs. James S. Stahl, James Decker, P. Fisher Keller, Wm. F. Floray, D. Keller and Wm. F. Keller.

Miss Roxanna Brisbin Tuesday morning went to Harrisburg, where she will remain several days prior to going to New York City and Hartford, Conn. She will be absent for some time.

H. G. Strohmeier, the marble cutter, Wednesday went to Union county in the interest of his business. Mr. Strohmeier ships monuments, etc., to various points outside of his home territory on account of the cheapness and superiority of the work.

Rev. W. E. Fischer, D. D., of Shamokin, was tendered a call to the Lutheran church at Ardmore, a short time ago, but the proposition was not considered by him. Dr. Fischer was present at a special meeting held in the interest of Foreign Missions, and the congregation was so much pleased with his manner that without hearing him preach, he was given the call. The congregation has now secured a pastor in Rev. Mullen, of Watsontown.

TEACHERS' BILL RECOMMITTED.

Sent Back to the Senate Committee on Judiciary General To Be Amended.

With an inimical Senate determined to harry it to death if its passage was insisted upon without amendments, the friends of the Snyder bill fixing the minimum salary for teachers at $35 a month discreetly outflanked the movement Tuesday and by quick work succeeded in having the bill sent back to the Committee on Judiciary General, where an effort will be made so to amend it that it will meet any objections that are now made to it.

This was not done, however, until it was developed that the opposition had materially strengthened its lines, and that there was some secret force working that the friends were at first unable to locate. Later it was known that the silent force was the Legislative Committee of the State Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, through whose influence resolutions have been adopted in the local granges and sent to the various Senators protesting against fixing the salaries at $35. These protests are printed and in the form of resolutions, and there are hundreds of them to come. Hundreds have already arrived, and they are having their effect.

The resolution referred to is printed in full below. The same was endorsed by nearly every local and County Grange in the State and sent to the State Senator of their district.

We, citizens of Pennsylvania engaged in agriculture, organized into Granges authorized to address your Honorable body, respectfully protest against the passage of the Teachers' Minimum Salary Bill, as it would be a usurpation of the rights of local self government guaranteed under our State Constitution and would establish a precedent in depriving the people locally of the right of "Home Rule" for which the people of the Colonies fought in resenting the exactions of the British crown of "taxation without representation."

The people of the local governments have some rights and qualifications to administer their own affairs, without the right of centralized State interference and in a majority of the counties the salaries paid teachers are commensurate with the resources of the counties, and where teachers have had the requisite qualifications the salaries have been raised to meet the qualifications and in many instances exceed that named in this bill. Should the Legislature pass this bill it will deprive a number of townships of the ability to keep open the schools the requisite number of months required by law owing to want of resources to tax, as in a number of townships in the mountainous portion of the state lands have only a nominal market value and the rate of taxation is already up to the maximum allowed by law. Therefore, if the State by this bill will take away from the local government the right to manage its schools within its own resources, then it will become necessary for the State to assume the additional cost arbitrarily imposed.

We would therefore respectfully petition your Honorable body to leave it to the intelligence, liberality and resources of the people in the several townships to govern their schools as may best serve their educational advancement.

WENT WEST.

John A. Strunk and Wm. Homan Seek Homes in the West.

Two families, well known in Penns Valley, today (Thursday) are about settling in their new western homes. One is John A. Strunk, of Pleasant Gap, the other Wm. Homan, of near Aaronsburg. The former selected Vernon, Kansas, the latter Scottland, South Dakota.

Mr. Strunk purchased a quarter section on his visit to Kansas last spring. The section has a good house, and "barn" such as is needed in that locality. Mr. Strunk took with him some implements, a cow, hogs and household goods. He made the tour with his goods, while his wife and son traveled as first-class passengers.

The other family, that of Wm. Homan, brother of Henry Homan, of Old Fort, consisted of wife and eight robust children. Mr. Homan had also visited his new home last spring, and while there rented a farm. Mr. and Mrs. Homan are especially well prepared to seize the opportunities presented in South Dakota. The eight bright faces, and willing hands, will cause difficulties, otherwise insurmountable, to vanish.

Success to both parties.

Bills Passed the Senate.

Requiring nonresident hunters of the State and unnaturalized foreigner resident hunters to procure a license before hunting in the State.

Amending the Judges' disability act so that Judges retired because of physical or mental disability shall receive full pay instead of half pay.

Marriage Licenses.

Clarence Stover, Penn Hall.
Jennie Moyer, Penn Hall.

Stuart Dillen, Julian.
Flora Boyer, Julian.

James C. Markle, Warriors Mark.
Lera Way, Stormstown.

John T. Wagner, Bellefonte.
Gertrude E. Meyer, Boalsburg.

Charles Davis, Butler.
Effie M. Kramer, Aaronsburg.

Jacob B. Houser, State College.
Carrie I. Houser, Rebersburg.

Clarence Heimes, Potters Mills.
Mary E. Parker, Potters Mills.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

The Manns will erect a large department store at Mill Hall.

Christ Keller, of Penn Hall, was a caller Saturday to renew the Reporter.

H. W. Petrikin, Esq., is the first Democrat who was ever elected burgess of Huntingdon.

Miss Virna Emerick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Emerick, of near town, visited Bellefonte last week.

Miss Katie Keller, who for the past few months had been at Munson and Osceola, returned home a few days ago.

Mrs. John A. Slack and Miss Blanche Durst, both of Potters Mills, visited in Bellefonte the latter part of last week.

Under the head of Child Training, in the April Delineator, are a number of valuable suggestions for keeping the house pure.

The engagement is announced of C. M. Parrish and Miss Rose Fox, of Bellefonte, their marriage to take place in the near future.

Prof. H. F. Bitner, of the Millersville Normal School, Monday attended the funeral of his uncle, George L. Derr, at Laurelton.

Miss Flora Love, Friday of last week went to Watsontown where she was the guest of Mrs. Foster, wife of Rev. W. K. Foster, until Monday.

Wm. Brooks, of Linden Hall, was a pleasant caller Tuesday. He is planning out his spring campaign on the farm and is anxious for an early spring.

District Attorney N. B. Spangler and Attorney Thomas Sexton will move their office to Crider's Exchange, recently occupied by W. E. Gray, Esq., deceased.

Ellis Horner, of near Pleasant Gap, will become a citizen of Bellefonte, where he will be employed at the furnace. His sons have also secured employment.

J. B. Shuman, of State College, was considerably injured by being struck by a wagon to which a runaway horse was hitched. He was picked up in an unconscious condition.

S. Ward Gramley, graduate of Gettysburg, will open the spring term of the Boalsburg Academy, April 13th—two courses, one a preparatory for college, the other a normal course for teachers.

The fact that F. W. Sweetwood, of Symerton, Illinois, renewed his paper for another year, is evidence that he has not fallen out with the world, and is content with his lot in his Illinois home.

In another column is a poem by Wm. Grimm, of Pittsburg, dedicated to Wm. L. Runkle, formerly of this place. Both are connected with the Knoxville Land Improvement Company, and together some weeks ago visited Centre Hall.

Harry Fye, who Tuesday of last week moved to Centre Hall, from Spring Mills, is more than pleased with his new home since Sunday morning, at which time a little girl came to his home and engaged permanent quarters.

Miss Maude Runkle, of Middleburg, is the guest of her cousin, Miss Laura Runkle, in this place. Miss Runkle, who is a daughter of John Runkle, one of the most progressive merchants in Snyder county, is a very amiable young lady, and, well, pretty.

Dr. S. C. Musser, of Aaronsburg, was a passenger to Bellefonte Monday to attend the regular meeting of the Centre County Medical Association. Dr. Musser is wrapped in his profession, takes great interest in the local society and is in step with the advance in medical science and surgery.

Charlie and Miss Louise, son and daughter of Wm. R. Brachbill, of Bellefonte, Sunday were entertained by Miss Laura Runkle, at the Centre Hall hotel. Mr. Brachbill is off on a furlough from the School Ship Saratoga. He is a popular young fellow, and reflects credit on the ancestral "boot."

John D. Lucas, of Potters Mills, whose marriage to Miss Blanche Heckman took place last week, was a caller Monday to have the Reporter ordered to Spring Mills where he will take up housekeeping within a few days. Mr. Lucas is a carpenter by trade, and is one of those young men who has push and energy.

A prominent feature of commencement at Pennsylvania State College this year will be the Class Day exercises to be conducted by the Seniors. Class Day has been observed by some former classes but has been omitted for several years. The committee in charge consists of E. R. Norris, North East; S. E. Miller, Lancaster; C. S. Freeman; Pittsburg; R. R. Baillie, Millersburg; B. H. Sharpe, West Chester; I. C. Palmer, Manito; and R. L. Streeter, Medix Run.

PRESIDENT FULLER OF THE JEWELERS' ASSOCIATION

Threatened With Loss of Hearing, Smell and Sight From the Ravages of Catarrh.

Pe-ru-na Cured Him.

A GREAT many remedies to temporarily relieve catarrh have been devised from time to time, such as sprays, snuffs, creams and other local applications, but, as a rule, the medical profession has little or no enthusiasm in the treatment of catarrh.

It is generally pronounced by them to be incurable.

It therefore created a great sensation in medical circles when Dr. Hartman announced that he had devised a compound which would cure catarrh permanently.

The remedy was named Peruna, and in a short time became known to thousands of catarrh sufferers north, south, east and west.

Letters testifying to the fact that Peruna is a radical cure for catarrh began to pour in from all directions.

Thousands of such letters are on file in the office of The Peruna Medicine Co.

Rev. E. Stubenvoll, Pella, Wis., writes: "I feel obliged to extend you my personal thanks for my complete restoration. All through the winter I suffered from throat and lung trouble, but recovered my entire health by the use of your excellent remedy, Peruna."

The following letter from a prominent gentleman of Los Angeles is a case in point:

Mr. J. W. Fuller, President of the Jewelers' Association of Los Angeles, Cal., has been in business in that city for seventeen years out of the forty-five that he has been engaged in business. Concerning his experience with Peruna he says:

"I was troubled with catarrh of the head for many years. It affected my sense of smell, hearing and sight. I spent lots of money with doctors and the use of local applications to relieve me, but to no purpose, until my attention was called to the wonderful effects of Peruna.

"I must say that I met with most surprising and satisfactory results. Peruna took hold of the complaint and drove it entirely out of my system.

"Although well along toward the allotted span of man's life I am pleased as a child over the results, and feel like a young man again."—J. W. Fuller.

Such letters as the above are not used for publication except by the written permission of the writer.

A pamphlet filled with such letters will be sent to any address free. This book should be read by all who doubt the curability of catarrh.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

WITH NERVES UNSTRUNG AND HEADS THAT ACHE

WISE WOMEN BROMO-SELTZER TAKE

TRIAL BOTTLE 10 CENTS

To clean jewelry that has no chased work, jewelers moisten the surface with a brush (like that in a mucilage bottle) dipped in alcohol that has a few drops of ammonia for every half pint of alcohol. They with another brush they apply a little powdered whiting, and polish off with a "jewelers brush," which may be well replaced by a baby's fine hair brush when it is no longer quite nice enough for baby's basket. When the jewelry is chased or set with real jewels the powder is washed off with soap and water, and the articles are dried by dipping them into fine sawdust. Stones that are "backed" must not be washed.

Jack—Did you ever see a horse jump five feet over a fence?

Pat—Oi've seen 'em jump four feet over. I didn't know a horse ever had foive.

Pat—You say if I use one of these

The union of energy and wisdom makes the completest character and the most powerful life.

THE TEST OF GOLD.

A Vast Number of Kidney Suffering People, Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills, say but for the Free Trial they would still be in Agony. This means Golden Merit at your Command to Test.

COLUMBUS CITY, IA., Feb. 10, 1903. — I received the sample package of Doan's Kidney Pills and took them according to directions. They did me so much good, I procured a 50-cent box at the drug store and have been greatly benefited. I had the backache so bad I could hardly walk; also had urinary troubles, that caused me to get up two and three times of a night. I am all right now. Long may Doan's Pills prosper. Yours truly, A. C. SIPE.

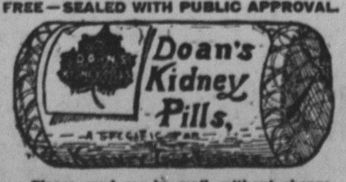
Severe and long standing cases should take advantage of free Medical Advice.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., Feb. 17, 1903.—I received the trial package of Doan's Kidney Pills promptly and can truly say they are all and even more than recommended. I suffered continually with a severe pain in the back, which the pills entirely overcame, and I am able to work, which would not have been possible but for Doan's Kidney Pills. MRS. J. A. SCHLAMB, 955 Buchanan St., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Aching backs are eased. Hip, back, and loin pains overcome. Swelling of the limbs and dropsy signs vanish.

They correct urine with brick dust sediment, high colored, pain in passing, dribbling, frequency, bed wetting. Doan's Kidney Pills remove calculi and gravel. Relieve heart palpitation, sleeplessness, headache, nervousness, dizziness.

FREE—SEALED WITH PUBLIC APPROVAL.



Please send me by mail, without charge, trial box Doan's Kidney Pills.

Name .....

Post-office .....

State .....

(Cut out coupon on dotted lines and mail to Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.)

Medical Advice Free—Strictly Confidential.

New York City.—Long shouldered effects are among the distinctive and notable features of the season and are found in many of the new shirt waists

AN ELABORATE MODEL.

as well as in the more elaborate models. The very smart May Manton waist illustrated has a novel yoke or shoulder strap effect, that is cut in one with the tucked fronts and can either be made to extend over the shoulders or be cut off at the seams as shown in the back view, and exemplifies both the drooping shoulders and one of the many forms of the bishop stock. The original is made of French flannel in cream white stitched with pale blue corticelli silk, but all the season's waist materials are appropriate.

The foundation lining is snugly fitted and is in every way desirable where wool or silk is used, but can be omitted whenever it is not desired. The fronts of the waist proper are tucked for their entire length and are extended to form the yoke or shoulder straps and are joined to side portions that are tucked for a few inches only below their upper edge. The back, however, is simply plain, and the closing is effected through a regulation box pleat at the centre front. The sleeves are in shirt style with the straight narrow cuffs closing at the outside that are the favorites of the season. At the neck is a stock elongated at the front to give a bishop suggestion.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is four and five-eighth yards twenty-one inches wide, four and one-fourth yards twenty-seven inches wide, three and one-eighth yards thirty-two inches wide, or two and five-eighth yards forty-four inches wide.

Woman's Blouse Jacket.

Blouse jackets make the favorite wraps for general wear and are seen in all the latest models both for suits and separate coats. The very stylish May Manton model illustrated in the large drawing shows the new flat collar and trimming, but can be left plain and without the basques as shown in the small sketch when preferred. The original is made of flecked cheviot in gray and white, stitched with corticelli silk and trimmed with pipings of dark gray and drop ornaments and makes part of a costume, but all suitings and jacket materials are appropriate.

The jacket consists of fronts and back and is fitted by means of shoulder and under-arm seams. The back is plain, but the fronts are gathered and blouse slightly and becomingly. The little capes are attached to the strap trimming and are arranged over the neck. The sleeves are full and finished with becoming cuffs, but the straight, narrow ones can be substituted if desired. The basque portions and triple postillion are joined to the lower edge.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is six yards twenty-one inches wide, two and three-fourth yards forty-four inches wide, or two and one-fourth yard fifty-two inches wide.

Apron to the Front.

Apron effects are very modish and quite usually becoming. Though they have the look of an overskirt they are in reality the skirt proper, being eked out with graduating flounces. As often as not the apron is of some strong material, while the flounce, which is pulled on as well as flared, is of a light and airy-fairy texture. When it is heavy the fabric must be of the richest—a trimming of itself. If it be plain it may be adorned with appliques not too far apart. A very pretty one, however, is entirely of black net. Inch-wide rows of black gros-grain ribbon follow the shape of the apron, pointing downward at the front. Five rows are at the foot of the very full flounce. Rows of ribbon are on the full blouse and the sleeve ruffles, the blouse being further enhanced with an applique of yellow lace. This is an attractive model, too, for a shirred dress.

Adorned by Handwork.

Handwork is always a feature. Just now it is more than ever so. While the choicest embroideries fairly cover some robes, there are others, delightfully attractive, which are alive with French knots and faggoting, the two friends that are still with us, despite iconoclasts who have declared them done for since some months. French knots are charmingly attractive, whether they emphasize other designs or are strewn by the hundred in massed groups. As for faggoting, it and any sort of ajour stitching is very much the thing.

Long Ribbon Sashes.

A pretty idea is to wear broad and long ribbon sashes with evening toilets. Some of these are tucked and the ends are fringed. The sash may be the color of the gown or of contrasting color, as preferred, and still be modish, but the silk lining of the gown must be the same shade as that of the sash and whatever flower is chosen to be worn on the corsage or in the hair.

BLOUSE JACKET.

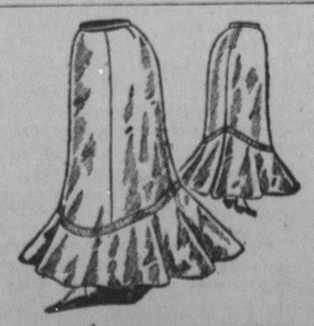
A Deserted Fad.

The fad that prevailed so long of wearing a black hat with a white or a light gown no longer flourishes.

Misses' Three-Piece Skirt.

Flounced skirts are much in vogue for young girls as well as for their elders and always are graceful and comfortable, as the ample flare provided at the lower edge means freedom of movement. The very stylish May Manton model illustrated is shown in nut brown etamine, trimmed with a band of satin faced cloth stitched with corticelli silk, but all suiting and skirt materials are appropriate. The skirt is cut in three pieces, and is fitted at the upper edge by means of hip darts and laid in inverted pleats at the centre back. To the lower edge is attached the circular flounce, the seam being covered by the stitched band. The upper edge can be finished with a belt or cut in dip outline and underfaced or bound.

The quantity of material required for medium size (fourteen years) is



MISSES' THREE-PIECE SKIRT.

five and one-half yards twenty-seven inches wide, three and one-half yards forty-four inches wide, or three yards fifty-two inches wide.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Washington officials say young women handle money more rapidly than older ones, and there can be no doubt about it. The amount of money that can pass through the hands of a young woman has prefequently paralyzed a young husband who thought he was something of a spendthrift himself, reflects the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

French ships are usually named after French provinces or towns, victories, ideas or sentiments, but no French names, excepting those of great men in their history, are made use of. German ships bear the names of German rivers, ports, poets, states and characters in German literature. Spanish ships are almost invariably named after their cities or great commanders.

There is a break in the radium market. Radium, it may be said, is a combination of metals, pulverized, which gives off a light almost as strong as that of the sun, by means of which iron three feet thick can be penetrated. Radium is now $900,000 a pound marked down from $1,000,000 the other day.

An American woman in London writes: "I have said that I am at a loss to know whether the lack of heat in English homes and business buildings is caused by hardiness or stinginess. I used to think it the latter till I found numerous delightful English friends objected to my own heated home. Actually some of them 'cut' me every winter, so far as calling on me is concerned, because they say my rooms are too stuffy and hot.

In Germany, electricity, among other curious results, has rehabilitated the discarded windmill. At Neresheim a windmill supplies power for thirty six incandescent lamps that light a large paint factory. Another in Schleswig-Holstein keeps up a steady current of thirty volts. At Dusseldorf a windmill winds up a heavy weight, of which the descent works a powerful dynamo.

Professor Dewey of the Boston Institute of Technology, in speaking before the convention of educators and business men at Ann Arbor, Mich., deplored the lack of fitness shown by college graduates for the hard realities of life. Professor Ripley of Harvard University urged the enforcement of business methods of exacting attention to study all through a university student's course.

A movement has been started in behalf of such non-commissioned officers and men in the Army who had a Civil War record to have extended to them the same privileges as is given to commissioned officers—that is, of retiring with the next higher rank than they possess at the time of their retirement. Thus non-commissioned officers of the highest rank would retire with the grade of second lieutenant. Privates would retire with a grade of corporal

Among the many hobbies of Senator George F. Hoar are his fondness for trolley trips and dime novels. The Senator's favorite time for reading hair-raising publications is while traveling, and he declares he gets keen enjoyment out of the plots and impossible characters. The Senator is as well a student of history. At his home in Worcester he lives on the atmosphere of history. One of his chief means of recreation in Washington is a long troley trip.

An English physician warns all attendants upon the sick against the amateurishness of "toast and tea,' which is a diet not especially conducive to cheerfulness and patience in any person who undertakes this service. The professional nurse is supposed to know better, and so it is the woman not accustomed to nursing who is advised to live on a wholesome diet

It was the little cruiser Detroit, under Captain Brownson, which called the Brazilians to time during the Mello revolution. Recently she has been the cause of another little incident between that republic and ours. She entered the harbor of the Port of Paro recently and saluted the Fortress De Barra. The salute was not returned until five hours later. The incident has been satisfactorily explained by the Brazilian government. It seems that the commander of the fort was away when the Detroit entered and his subordinates did not know enough to return the American salute. As soon as he returned to the fort the customary number of guns was fired.

The fighting around Santiago in 1898 has resulted in the adition to the equipment of the engineer corps of two implements which proved to be very useful in that battle. These are the machete and the wire-cutting pliers. The machete is not only a valuable weapon of offense at close quarters, but is useful in cutting through thick brush and jungle growth. The usefulness of the pliers is obvious since barbed wire has come to be such an important factor in the defense of fortified positions. Without them it is likely that many more men would have fallen in the assault on the San Juan blockhouse.

A fellow can be dressed to kill without carrying a gun.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL

International Lesson Comments For March 15.

Subject: The Riot at Ephesus, Acts xix., 29-40 —Golden Text, Psa. xxxi., 23—Memory Verses, 29-31—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. Demetrius causing a tumult (vs. 23-27). Demetrius was a leading spirit among the Ephesian shrine-makers, and may have been a wholesale dealer, executing orders for the shrines and "employing artisans who received lucrative wages for their labor." The preaching of Paul, the growth of the church and the advancing civilization of that time were making inroads upon idol worship, and the sale of the shrines was decreasing. These shrines were made of wood or metal, and were little images or models of the temple of Diana, containing an image of the goddess. They were sold to the people of Ephesus and to the many strangers who visited the city, and were also sent to distant cities for sale. Demetrius collected all the workmen who were connected with his business, and very artfully aroused their passions. In his speech he declared that their craft or trade was in danger of being brought into disrepute, and then unwittingly paid a glowing tribute to the apostle Paul and the effectiveness of the gospel (vs. 26, 27). The cause of the tumult was covetousness under the guise of religion. Greed and gain blind men to the highest interests of mankind.

II. Paul's companions seized (vs. 28-32). The address of Demetrius was effective. The men to whose worldly interests he had appealed responded with loud cries, "Great is Diana of the Ephesians." The design of this clamor was to raise a persecution against Paul, and thus serve their own interests.

29. "Confusion." All the people rushed to the theatre, in which public meetings were often held. As the apostle himself, at the moment, could not be found, his attendants were violently dragged along by the multitude. "Gaius." He had lived at Corinth and had entertained Paul at his house (1 Cor. 1: 14; Rom. 16: 23). "Aristarchus." He attended Paul to Rome, and was there a prisoner with him (Col. 4: 10).

30. "Would have entered." Paul was fearless and ready to stand in the forefront of danger. He no doubt hoped to be able to quell the outbreak. "Suffered him not." His life was too precious to be thus risked. It appears that Paul listened to the entreaties of the disciples on this occasion; at other times he did not (Acts 21: 10-14). While Paul did not fear mobs or even death, yet he wisely yielded to persuasion and did not risk his life when there was no necessity for so doing.

31. "The chief of Asia." The original word is Asiarchs. There were ten men, annually elected from the most influential in the province, to conduct the sacrificial worship. Thus we see that some of the men honored with the highest offices at this festival were friendly to Paul and Christianity, and probably had no great care for Diana or her worship.

32. "Knew not." The crowd had been drawn together by the noise and excitement, and only a few knew the real cause of the commotion.

III. The uproar increasing (vs. 33, 34). 33. "Drew Alexander." He was probably an unconverted Jew. It may have been the case that the Jews wished Alexander, who was, perhaps, an experienced public orator, to speak in their behalf, and thus transfer the blame from themselves to the Christians. But when he attempted to speak the people perceived he was a Jew, and would not permit him to utter a word.

34. "A Jew." There was a general prejudice against the Jews. They were disposed to charge the whole difficulty upon the Jews, esteeming Christians to be but a sect of the Jews. They were, therefore, indignant and excited, and indiscriminate in their wrath and unwilling to listen to any defense. "Two hours." In the division of time among the Greeks and Romans an hour did not differ greatly from an hour with us. It is not unlikely that in the hot rage and excitement such a length of time would be necessary to allay the tumult. "Cried out," etc. This they at first did to silence Alexander. The excitement, however was continued in order to evince their attachment to Diana, as would be natural in an excited and tumultuous mob of debased heathen worshipers.

III. The town clerk's speech (vs. 35-40). 35. "The town clerk." This official was a very important person. He was authorized to preside over public assemblies, and he stood next in rank to the municipal chief, and performed his duties during the absence or on the death of that officer. "Had quieted." His influence was so great that the mob became quiet and gave him a hearing. "He said." The speech is full of tact and ability and shows that the man was well qualified to fill the high office he held. "A worshiper—temple-keeper." Literally, temple sweeper. The name no doubt was first used to imply that any office in the service of so magnificent a goddess was a grand distinction. "The image," etc. This sacred image which was believed to have fallen down from Jupiter was "a rude wooden figure nearly the shape of a mummy."

36, 37. "Do nothing rashly." They had performed a very rash act in seizing two persons against whom it appears they could take no proceedings. "Robbers of temples." As the temple at Ephesus had a great treasure chamber the offense might not be unknown among them. "Nor blasphemers." From this we see that the language of Paul and his companions had been guarded. The general effect of their preaching was to overthrow idolatry, but they had refrained from denunciation and opprobrious epithets. To have taken any other course would have deprived them of all chance of a hearing.

38-40. "Courts are open." It is a mercy of God when a wise government exists, which is able to maintain law and order. "Other matters." Anything that pertains to public affairs. "Lawful." It shall be settled in conformity to law and not by a mob. To move an unlawful tumult was a capital offense, and Demetrius was now in quite as much danger as Paul. Mob law is still a great evil in the land. It deadens the public conscience and strikes a blow at the very foundation of good government. "In danger." They were in danger of being called to account by the proconsul. The Roman Government watched every appearance of sedition in the provinces with a jealous eye. It was a capital offense to take any part in a riotous proceeding. "No cause." "There being no cause for it, and as touching it we shall not be able to give account of this concourse." —R. V. This is a complete vindication of Paul and his method of work and of Christianity in general. The charges of lawlessness and violence which were so often preferred against the Christians by their enemies were entirely groundless.

Curious Phrase in a Will.

An old Jewess who recently died at Borissov, in Russia, bequeathed £250 to her only daughter, using the words, "My daughter shall get £250 after 120 years."

The rabbi of Minsk, who was appealed to by the heiress, expressed the opinion that the phrase only expressed the Jewish wish "to live long." Thus the sentence merely stated the limits of human life as pronounced in Holy Writ.

However, the case has been sent to St. Petersburg, to be decided by the Supreme court.—London Mail

Asthma

"One of my daughters had a terrible case of asthma. We tried almost everything, but without relief. We then tried Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and three and one-half bottles cured her."—Emma Jane Entsminger, Langsville. O.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures many cases of asthma.

And it cures bronchitis, hoarseness, weak lungs, whooping-cough, croup, winter coughs, night coughs, and hard colds.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

One Can't Be too Careful.

"Dearest," he wrote from his hostelry in the Ardennes, "I am sitting here beside a pleasant window, gazing dreamily out over the barren heath, and on to the borders of the wide, wild forest beyond. But, further than eye can reach, travel the thoughts, the yearnings of my soul; they are all with you, darling—all with the sweet, precious adorable wife who awaits my return in London."

These, and other dainty sentiments, he wrote, with one exception. From the word "window" up above he inadvertently omitted the letter "n" and when his wife read that he was "sitting beside a pleasant widow," she threw down the letter, started post haste for the Ardennes, and brought him home with a flea in his ear. And in spite of all explanations, the poor fellow says that for close on three months he was confoundedly N-pecked through that confounded "N."

The average coffee tree in Honduras produces half a pound of beans.

Mrs. Emmons, saved from an operation for Ovaritis, tells how she was cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"I am so pleased with the results I obtained from **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** that I feel it a duty and a privilege to write you about it.

"I suffered for over five years with **ovarian troubles,** causing an unpleasant discharge, a great weakness, and at times a faintness would come over me which no amount of medicine, diet, or exercise seemed to correct. Your Vegetable Compound found the weak spot, however, within a few weeks—**and saved me from an operation**—all my troubles had disappeared, and I found myself once more healthy and well. Words fail to describe the real, true grateful feeling that is in my heart, and I want to tell every sick and suffering sister. Don't dally with medicines you know nothing about, but take **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and take my word for it, you will be a different woman in a short time."—Mrs. Laura Emmons, Walkerville, Ont.

—$5000 forfeit if original of above letter proving genuineness cannot be produced.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your case which you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address is Lynn, Mass.

SOLID FACTS!
ALL WEARERS OF THE ORIGINAL
TOWER'S
FISH BRAND
OILED CLOTHING
(BLACK OR YELLOW)
SAY IT IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD AND SAY IT EMPHATICALLY!
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS., U.S.A.
TOWER CANADIAN CO., Limited, TORONTO, CAN.
ON SALE EVERYWHERE. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.

Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
BEST FOR THE BOWELS
10c. 25c. 50c. All Druggists
Genuine stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Beware of the dealer who tries to sell "something just as good."

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER IT PAYS
BNU II

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

News Happenings of Interest Gathered From All Sources.

Frank Richards, alias Frank Reardon, also known under various aliases, who a few days ago was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the Eastern Penitentiary, after pleading guilty to blowing open the safe of the Atlantic Refining Company, at Chester, sent for District Attorney Josiah Smith and Henry J. Kent, president of the Clifton National Bank, to whom he made separate confessions implicating three other men in a conspiracy to rob the Clifton Bank. While admitting they had the names of Richards' alleged confederates, neither District Attorney Smith, Warden Thomas S. Fields nor Mr. Kent would disclose them. Richards' confession indicated that an organized gang of burglars is operating in the vicinity of Philadelphia. He said he made the confession because his accomplices made no effort to defend him at the trial.

The large hotel owned by Gen. W. A. Clark at Neshannock Falls was destroyed by fire, causing a $10,000 loss.

At Kittanning the Grand Jury returned a true bill against Harvey A. Zillefrow, charged with the murder of his wife at Brady's Bend.

Katherine Diffley, aged 24, committed suicide at New Castle by taking carbolic acid, and Michael Grajcori hanged himself in his cell in the Greensburg jail.

Beaver county commissioners have fixed the county tax at four mills and announce the assessed valuation at $200,000,000. Much of the revenue will be used in repairing and erecting bridges damaged during recent storms.

R. Curry, of Meadville, was killed by an Erie train at Kent, O.

William Randolph, a wealthy landowner at Moorfield, was drowned in the south branch of the Potomac river.

Joseph Sheehan, of McKees Rocks, a brakeman on the Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad, was found dead along the tracks at New Castle Junction.

At New Castle Alderman Williams held James Voca and John Madala on a charge of having participated in the riot at the Hillsville quarries.

Despondent because he imagined he would not recover from injuries, Hinder-Devoghn, an Austrian, plunged from the balcony of the Altoona hospital and will die.

William Lawson, of Mt. Washington, Pittsburg, and an unknown companion, both colored, were found dead on the cinder dump near Greensburg. It is supposed they lay down to sleep and were asphyxiated by the gas.

Harry M. Wilson, aged 32, fell dead at Alexandria, Huntingdon county, while on his way to a physician's office.

The barn of Samuel Working, near Bedford, was destroyed by fire and much live stock perished in the flames.

William Fox, a glass blower of Jeannette, died in the Greensburg hospital from a fractured skull, supposed to have been sustained in a fight. The coroner will investigate.

The dead body of Ray Horn, the Washington civil engineer who was drowned in Chartiers creek, was found a short distance from where he fell in to the water.

A convention of master builders will be held under the auspices of the Builders' Exchange at Warren. Contractors are expected to be present from all northwestern towns.

Wesley Ritchie, Masontown, and Elsie Batsinger, Woodside; William Smail and Sarah Stahl, Youngwood; John Ullery, Altoona, and Stella McIntosh, Lilly, were among the Pennsylvanians married at Cumberland, Md.

James Evans, a foreman employed at the Tilt Silk Mill, Pottsville, was informed by his family physician that he had smallpox. To inform one of his assistants that he would not be able to work for some time, he left his sick bed and after reaching the assistant's house and rang the bell and then ran out into the middle of the street and waited. When the door was opened and his assistant appeared, Evans yelled, "Keep away from me; I have smallpox and have come to notify you so. You can report off for me." Evans then hastened home, where he is now under quarantine. When Evans made his announcement people rushed in doors and locked themselves in their houses until Evans was well out of the neighborhood.

Because the man he favored for the office was not elected burgess of West Hazleton, Adam Koch, aged 55 years, committed suicide. Koch had stated that if Hugh McGeehan, Jr., the Democratic candidate, was elected, he would blow his head off. McGeehan received a majority of the votes and Koch carried out his threat.

A son was born Monday to Mr. and Mrs. Cormac McCallis, of Hazleton, being the twenty-third child born to the couple. Mrs. McCallis is forty-five years old. She was married at the age of seventeen years.

Mrs. Catherine B. Harnish died at Lancaster as a result of using a lemon to soften a corn. The poultice was removed with a knife and gangrene developed. Although the foot was amputated her life could not be saved.

Miss Mary Jacobs, a trained nurse of Norristown, died at her home after a short illness with typhoid pneumonia.

Caroline Shellenburg, 87 years old, a life-long resident of Lewistown, is dead from diseases incident to old age.

Caught under falling coal at North Mahanoy Colliery, William Faust was fatally hurt.

Thieves entered the hennery of School Director John Wetherill and stole forty fine Plymouth Rock fowls.

She having requested that there be no flowers at her funeral, but that instead the money be devoted to missionary purposes, the burial of Mrs. Mary McVaugh, of Williamsport, was unique, sheaves of wheat taking the place of customary flowers.

Reading dipped under 29 for the first time in many months.

The strike at the Pen Argyl and Bangor shirt factories has been settled, the proprietors agreeing to reinstate the former forelady.

Walter Stewart, 18 years old, died in the Chester hospital of smallpox. His parents are both confined in the institution with the disease. Three younger children who were vaccinated escaped the contagion.

Max Knoeller, aged 8, of Norristown, was struck by the shafts of a passing wagon, hurled beneath the wheels and severely injured.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

R. D. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

Milder weather not only accelerated the demand for many lines of merchandise, but reduced the pressure for fuel, which threatened to become a serious matter, and incidentally facilitated efforts to reduce the freight congestion. Business fully maintains its gratifying position. The people are consuming on a scale never before equaled. Firmly held quotations also bear testimony to the fact that demand is often greater than supply.

Increased interest has been displayed by purchasers of all products of iron and steel, giving a decidedly firmer tone to the market, and in many instances quotations have advanced. One of the definite changes was a rise of $2 a ton in wire products, which was not a surprise, and a new ore schedule averaging over 25 cents a ton higher. This makes every step of the process more expensive to the independent producer, ore, pig iron, coke, wages and freights having reached a high position. To the leading producer, however, the situation is less disturbing, as most of these factors are under one control, and it will be possible to hold prices of finished steel at a fairly conservative position. A very heavy tonnage of pipe has been moved on old orders, and considerable new business is reported.

Few additional advances have occurred in quotations of cotton goods, the developments of the week being chiefly in the direction of establishing the market on the higher basis that was suggested by earlier spasmodic advances. There is more conservatism on the part of buyers.

Business in woolens has fallen off unexpectedly. New England shoe shops have secured moderate advances in several grades of footwear, chiefly of all styles in demand by Western buyers.

Failures for the week numbered 221 in the United States, against 215 last year, and 28 in Canada, compared with 35 a year ago.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Flour—Spring clear, $3 30a3.50; best Patent, $4.80; choice Family, $4.05.

Wheat—New York No. 2, 81¾c; Philadelphia No 2, 79a79¾c; Baltimore No. 2, 80¼c.

Corn—New York No. 2, 60c; Philadelphia No. 2, 53¾ 53¼c; Baltimore No. 2, 54c.

Oats—New York No. 2, 43¾c; Philadelphia No. 2, 43a43½c; Baltimore No 2, 42½c.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $19.00a19.50; No. 2 timothy, $18.00a18.50; No. 3 timothy $15.50a17.50

Fruits and Vegetables.—White Potatoes—With receipts less liberal and quite an improvement in the demand, the market rules steady and firm. Apples—all good to choice fruit trees of fungus are in good demand. Cabbage—with quite a falling off in the receipts, there is a much firmer feeling on all good to choice stock. Sweet potatoes are in ample supply for present needs; the market rules quiet but steady. We quote: Cabbage—Danish large, per ton $7.00a8.00; domestic, per ton $4.50a6.00 Potatoes—Maryland and Pennsylvania, per bu 60a65c; Eastern per bu 60a 65c; Eggplants, Florida, per orange box $1.50 a2.00. Onions—yellow, per bu 50a60c; red, per bu 45a50c. Celery, per doz 50a75c. Apples—Eastern, good to choice, per brl $1.75a3.00; Western, do do do do $1 75a2.50; No. 2 all kinds $1.00a1.25. Sweet Potatoes—Potomac yellow, per brl $2.50a2 75; North Carolina, yellow, $2.25a2.50; Eastern shore yellow, $2.25a2.50. Yams, yellow, $1.50 a1.75.

Butter, Separator, 28a29c; Gathered cream, 27a28c; prints, 1-lb 29a30c; Rolls, 2-lb, 29a30c; Dairy pts. Md., Pa., Va., 28a29c.

Eggs, Fresh-laid eggs, per dozen, 14¾c.

Cheese, Large, 60-lb, 14¼a14½c; medium, 36-lb, 14¼a14¾c; picnics, 23-lb, 14¾a14¾c.

Live Poultry, Hens, 13a13½c; old roosters, each 25a30c; Turkeys, 17a18c; Ducks, 14a15c

Hides, Heavy steers, association and salters, late kill, 60-lbs and up, close selection, 11a11¼c; cows and light steers 8a8½c.

Provisions and Hog Products.—Bulk clear rib sides, 9¾c; bulk shoulders, 9¾c; bulk bellies, 10¾c; bulk ham butts, 10c; bacon clear rib sides, 10¾c; bacon shoulders, 10c; sugar-cured breasts, 12¾c; sugar-cured shoulders, 10¼c; sugar-cured California hams, 10c; hams canvased or uncanvased, 12 lbs. and under, 14¼c; refined lard tierces, brls and 50 lb cans, gross, 10¾c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Cattle, Mostly 15a20c lower, good to prime steers $5 25a5 75; medium $3 25a4 75; stockers and feeders $2 35 a4 50; cows, $1 40a4 40; heifers $2 00a 4 75; Texas-fed steers $3 50a4 .25 Hogs, Mixed and butchers $6 90a7 30; good to choice, heavy $7 30a7 55; Sheep, sheep and lambs slow to lower; good to choice whethers $5 00a5 50; Western sheep $4 75a6 65.

East Liberty, Cattle steady; choice $5 35a5 50; prime $5 15a5 30. Hogs, prime heavy $7 45a7 50, mediums $7 40; heavy Yorkers $7 25a7 30. Sheep steady, Best wethers $5 30a5 50 culls and common $2 00a3 00; choice lambs $6 75a6 90

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Colorado has anthracite under eighty square miles.

The eye is most sensitive to green colors.

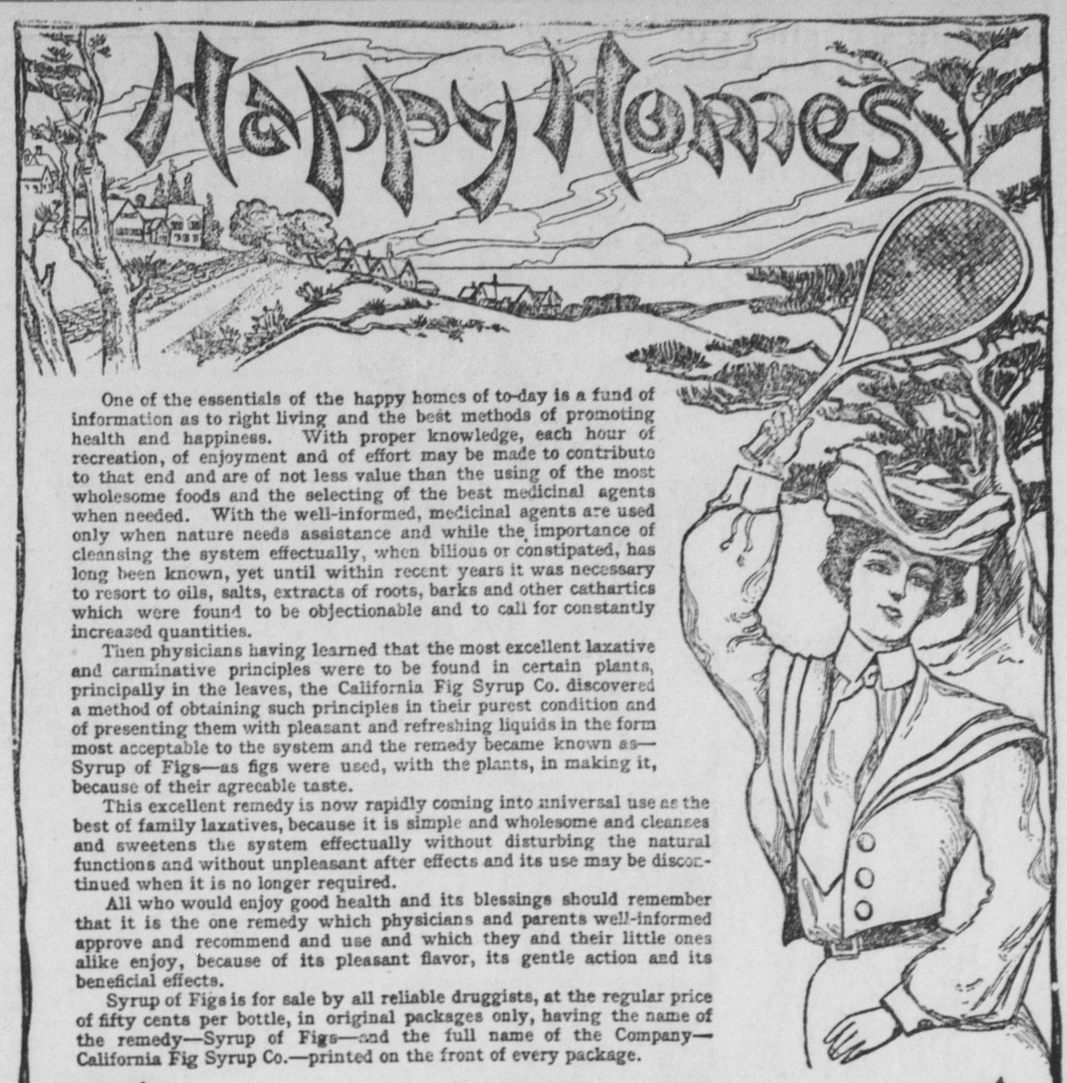
Every animal has its own kind of flea.

The lumber companies of Sweden have formed a trust.

The congested counties of Ireland are all on the western coast.

The average coffee tree in Honduras produces half a pound of beans.

There is more coal in Montana and Wyoming than in Pennsylvania.



One of the essentials of the happy homes of to-day is a fund of information as to right living and the best methods of promoting health and happiness. With proper knowledge, each hour of recreation, of enjoyment and of effort may be made to contribute to that end and are of not less value than the using of the most wholesome foods and the selecting of the best medicinal agents when needed. With the well-informed, medicinal agents are used only when nature needs assistance and while the importance of cleansing the system effectually, when bilious or constipated, has long been known, yet until within recent years it was necessary to resort to oils, salts, extracts of roots, barks and other cathartics which were found to be objectionable and to call for constantly increased quantities.

Then physicians having learned that the most excellent laxative and carminative principles were to be found in certain plants, principally in the leaves, the California Fig Syrup Co. discovered a method of obtaining such principles in their purest condition and of presenting them with pleasant and refreshing liquids in the form most acceptable to the system and the remedy became known as—Syrup of Figs—as figs were used, with the plants, in making it, because of their agreeable taste.

This excellent remedy is now rapidly coming into universal use as the best of family laxatives, because it is simple and wholesome and cleanses and sweetens the system effectually without disturbing the natural functions and without unpleasant after effects and its use may be discontinued when it is no longer required.

All who would enjoy good health and its blessings should remember that it is the one remedy which physicians and parents well-informed approve and recommend and use and which they and their little ones alike enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all reliable druggists, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, in original packages only, having the name of the remedy—Syrup of Figs—and the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
San Francisco, Cal.
Louisville, Ky. New York, N. Y.

USE TAYLOR'S Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullein Nature's Great Remedy for Coughs, Colds, LaGrippe all Throat and Lung Troubles. Thoroughly tested for 50 years. All Druggists. 25c. 50c and $1.00.

In the unselfish life there is a place for all the delight possible derived through the senses, feeling, or imagination. No lotus-eater propped on beds of amaranth and moly ever experienced half the pleasure that comes to one who, mindful of wife and child, nobly bends his back to the oar, and manfully climbs the climbing wave.

Those who show the least consideration for others usually expect the most for themselves.

The pamphlet "Stassfurt Industry," just published, contains an interesting description of the famous potash mines in Germany, from which all the potash imported into this country and used for manuring is derived. The chapter about the use of potash in agriculture as one of the most important ingredients of a complete fertilizer adds largely to the value of the book, and among the many fine illustrations those showing the experiments at Southern Pines, N. C., are of particular interest to practical farmers. Copies of this pamphlet can be had free by writing to the German Kali Works, 93 Nassau street, New York, N. Y.

Take the conceit out of some people and there isn't much left.

Many School Children Are Sickly.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, break up colds in 24 hours, cure Feverishness, Constipation, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders and Destroy Worms. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N.Y.

The fellow who is perfectly satisfied with himself is not always perfect.

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A man may have a large following simply because he doesn't pay his bills.

How?
By soothing and subduing the pain, that's the way
St. Jacobs Oil
Cures
Neuralgia
Price, 25c. and 50c.

The congested counties of Ireland are all on the western coast.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. Samuel, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

The gift of gab often results in a man giving himself away.

June Tint Butter Color makes top of the market butter.

When you cast your bread upon the water don't tie a stone to it.

There is more coal in Montana and Wyoming than in Pennsylvania.

Fits permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

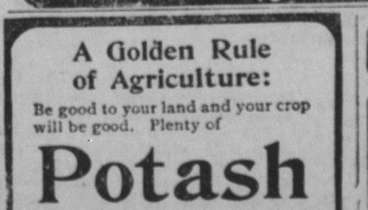
Keep out of the frying pan and you won't get into the fire.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Lots of people become sadder without becoming any wiser.

Rheumacide
The Great Spring Remedy.
After the rigors of winter are felt you are liable to feel the need of a tonic, laxative and
BLOOD PURIFIER.
YOU WANT THE BEST, OF COURSE; THAT IS
RHEUMACIDE.
This medicine is scientifically compounded from the extracts of roots, herbs and barks, combined with certain other purifying and alterative products. A sure cure for Rheumatism, Indigestion, Constipation, Boils, Kidney Troubles, and all diseases arising from impurities in the blood.
Ask your druggists for RHEUMACIDE and insist on getting it. Beware of substitutes of doubtful value.
All Druggists, $1.00, or express prepaid on receipt of price.
Bobbitt Chemical Co., - - - - Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

WINCHESTER
FACTORY LOADED SHOTGUN SHELLS
"New Rival" "Leader" "Repeater"
IF you are looking for reliable shotgun ammunition, the kind that shoots where you point your gun, buy Winchester Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells: "New Rival," loaded with Black powder; "Leader" and "Repeater," loaded with Smokeless. Insist upon having Winchester Factory Loaded Shells, and accept no others.
ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM

A Golden Rule of Agriculture:
Be good to your land and your crop will be good. Plenty of
Potash
in the fertilizer spells quality and quantity in the harvest. Write us and we will send you, *free*, by next mail, our money winning books.
GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau Street,
New York.


210 Kinds for 16c.
It is a fact that Salzer's seeds are found in more gardens and on more farms than any other in America. There is a reason for this. We own and operate over 5000 acres for the production of our choice seeds. In order to induce you to try them we make the following unprecedented offer:
For 16 Cents Postpaid
24 sorts wonderful onions,
25 sorts elegant cabbage,
15 sorts magnificent carrots,
25 peerless lettuce varieties,
25 rare luscious radish,
20 splendid beet sorts,
15 gloriously beautiful flower seeds,
in all 210 kinds positively furnishing bushels of charming flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalogue telling all about Macaroni Wheat, Billion Dollar Grass, Teosinte, Bromus, Spelta, etc., all for only 16c. in stamps and this notice.
Onion seed at but 60c. a pound.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

FRUIT TREES, ORNAMENTAL TREES STRAWBERRY PLANTS, SHRUBS, ROSES GRAPE VINES ASPARAGUS, ETC.
Catalogue sent on application. A nice lot of Brown Leghorns and Barred Plymouth Rocks. Full blooded Cockerels and Pullets at $1 each. Also pure POLAND CHINA HOGS, three months old at $5.00 each.
J. B. WATKINS & BRO., Hellebore, Va.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1903.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.
ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

DEMOCRATIC CO. COMMITTEE—1903.

Bellefonte, N. W., John Trafford.
" S. W., P. H. Garrity.
" W. W., George R. Meek.
Centre Hall, F. W. Bradford.
Howard, Abram Weber.
Milesburg, George Noll.
Millheim, F. P. Musser.
Philipsburg, First W., J. W. Lukens.
" Second W., Ira Howe.
" Third W., Edward C. Jones.
South Philipsburg, C. D. Dutcher.
State College, M. S. McDowell.
Unionville, George W. Runkarger.
Benner, N., L. C. Rearick, Bellefonte.
Benner, S., J. F. Hoy, Bellefonte.
Boggs, N., Ira P. Confer, Yarnell.
Boggs, E., G. H. Leyman, Roland.
Boggs, W., Lewis Alkey, Milesburg.
College Twp., I. J. Dreese, Lemont.
Curtin, William Quay, Romola.
Ferguson, E. P., W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills.
Ferguson, W. P., Franklin Bowersox, Penn. Fur.
Gregg, N. P., George W. Ream, Penn Cave.
Gregg, E. P., Frank Fisher, Penn Hall.
Gregg, W. P., John Smith, Spring Mills.
Haines, E. P., E. M. Boon, Feidler.
Haines, W. P., Ralph Stover, Aaronsburg.
Halfmoon, J. H. Griffith, Stormstown.
Harris, Oscar Stover, Boalsburg.
Howard, Jerry Glenn, Mt. Eagle.
Huston, R. D. Ardery, Martha.
Liberty, B. S. Brown, Blanchard.
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker.
Miles, E., Jerry Brungart, Wolf's Store.
Miles, M., W. W. Hackman, Rebersburg.
Miles, W., A. J. Hazel, Madisonburg.
Patton, T. M. Huey, Waddle.
Penn, W. F. Smith, Millheim.
Potter, S., F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.
Potter, N., David K. Keller, Centre Hall.
Potter, W., James W. Spangler, Tusseyville.
Rush, N., W. E. Frank, Philipsburg.
Rush, S., C. T. Kennedy, Retort.
Snow Shoe, E., J. D. Brown, Snow Shoe.
Snow Shoe, W., Wm. Kerin, Moshannon.
Spring, N., James C. Carson, Bellefonte.
Spring, S., Henry Gentzel, Pleasant Gap.
Spring W., John Dunlap, Bellefonte.
Taylor, James F. Goss, Hannah.
Union, S. K. Emerick, Fleming.
Walker, E., J. H. Beck, Nittany.
Walker, M., J. D. Miller, Hublersburg.
Walker, W., Albert Shaffer, Zion.
Worth, C. C. Woodring, Port Matilda.
Secretaries: CYRUS BRUNGART, Chairman.
L. A. SHAFFER.
J. K. JOHNSON.

Potters Mills.

It is said that the road leading from the pike to Perry Krise's farm is so muddy that when prop teams come through with a load all you can see is the tops of the horses ears and the driver's head above the mud. How is this Stover?

Jerry Zettle, the fur man, was in town buying furs; Jerry pays good prices for all kinds of furs.

Ed. Sweetwood has gone to Richley's camp to work at the lumber business. Ed. is a good hand and can earn an honest dollar.

W. H. Working who works for Richley Bros., says the boys gave a lively concert in the way of performing the cinnamon bear dance and other pranks in which the bear is known to be taught. Bill says it was worth a dollar, but there was no money paid.

'Squire Grove was in town last Saturday and had a card on his back containing the inscription "sold out." We would like to know what it means.

Louis Foust, who fires at Richley Bros. saw mill, was at Bellefonte on business. Mr. Foust is the right man in the right place and can give the boys all the steam they want.

Joseph Parker was in town and reports business booming at Richley's mill. Mr. Parker is the edger and makes the edging and splinters fly.

Edward Allison and Alex McCoy attended the horse sale at Millheim and report a good sale the whole lot of horses being sold in less than an hour and a half.

Mrs. S. P. Long and son returned home after a weeks' visit with M. N. Miller's family, at Centre Hall, having had a good time.

W. C. Bible has returned to Burnham, where he expects to locate for the summer, as fireman.

F. A. Carson, merchant at this place, has attached a grindstone to his water wheel; this beats turning by hand all to pieces.

J. R Strong has asked the scribe through the Reporter to thank Philip Frank for his kindness in advertising his hound pups. Mr. Frank got too many kinds of dogs mixed up; next he will see snakes and say they are eels.

Mosey Clark was on the road Monday morning with his grip filled with harness grease for sale. The grease is all right and Mr. Clark knows it.

Aaronsburg.

Misses Kathryn and Nora Bower are visiting their uncle, John Bower, at Northumberland.

Dr. D. K. Musser, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with his aged mother.

Miss Hettie Smull has gone to spend a few months with Prof. W. T. Meyer, at Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Phillips attended the funeral of Mrs. Phillips' niece, in Snyder county.

C. A. Weaver, justice of the peace, of Coburn, made a business trip to the burg one day last week.

Col. J. P. Coburn, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday in his mansion on Main street.

Miss Cordelia Acker, of Potters Mills, spent Sunday with some of her friends in town.

Harry Wyle has moved to the house vacated by Mrs. Newton Stover, and Gilliland Isenhower to the house vacated by Bert Sylvis, on North Second street.

If you intend building a house, barn, shed, or building of any kind, you will need nails, glass, locks, hinges etc, see

JOHN I. OLEWINE, Bellefonte, Pa.

Farmers Mills.

The heavy rain on Sunday made plenty of mud.

Arthur Homan quit work at Burnham and intends working for Gardner Grove for $17 00 a month.

Mrs. Julia Smith returned to her home in this place Saturday; she had been at Lewistown keeping house for her grandchildren who are employed at that place.

Mrs. John Zellers made a call on Mrs. Harvey Horner, of this place last Friday.

George Barner while hauling posts and sawed timber out of Hecla Gap, stifled his best horse.

J. Paul Rearick and wife, of Blue Ball, spent Saturday and Sunday in and about this place.

Wm. Sinkeybine started the moving last Thursday; he moved to the house vacated by George Weaver, at the turn pike. Harvey M. Horner will move to the Simon Hennigh house in Georges Valley; John Zellers to the house vacated by Harvey Horner; Wm. Hagen to the house vacated by Zellers; John Durst from Union county to the house vacated by Thomas Scholl; John Ilgen to the farm vacated by D. H. Rearick.

The carpenters are so busy this winter they scarcely get time to cut their fire wood.

Jacob Harter, of Woodward, delivered a load of lumber to the Jacob Neidigh house in this place, last week.

The agent for the rural delivery boxes was around last week taking orders.

Moses Stover, of this place, is the champion horse jockey; give him a call and try him.

Clayton Detwiler, from the east, is home with his parents, owing to the death of his sister-in-law.

Kate Grossman is spending several days at Tusseyville, with her uncle, assisting him in making preparations for the sale.

Woodward.

Howard Bowersox, who is employed by the telephone company at Kingston, is paying his family a short visit.

A young daughter made her appearance at the home of Prof. Edgar Stover.

C. D. Motz and J. J. Orndorf transacted business at Aaronsburg Monday.

Mrs. J. F. Motz and baby departed for Mifflinburg last Friday.

Mrs. Maranda Motz is ill with grip.

Joseph Ard moved to Lewisburg on Tuesday.

Georgetown.

Mrs. J. F. Rishel and Mrs. J. B. Kern accompanied Mrs. A. B. Kern to Patton, her native home, where they expect to visit.

D. L. Kerstetter, who was working at the carpenter trade at Milton, came home, being confined to the house with a severe attack of grip.

One of the girls, thinking this was leap year, reversed the order and went to Union county to see her "best fellow."

The township settling at Wm. Vonada's on Monday was well attended.

Daniel Auman's infant child is seriously ill, caused by an abscess in the side.

There is a knitting factory in Georgetown which is running every day in the week, as well as Sunday.

The railroad crossing seems to be a favorite gossiping place for the young girls and boys. You can spend your time more profitably.

Perry Wingard visited friends at Snow Shoe last week.

Nittany Mountain.

George W. Noll, who had been ill for three months with typhoid fever, went to work again on Monday.

Mrs. Elsie Heisley Monday shipped her goods to Milton, and Thursday she and her little daughter will join her husband there.

O. M. Lonberger is busy trapping pole cats.

Ellis Horner will move to Bellefonte in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Jess. Osman with their brother-in-law, Will Templeton, and nephew, Jess. Templeton, who had been visiting relatives in this section, Monday left for their Altoona home.

William Parker is the lucky trapper. The skunks come to the road, fall down dead and are ready for him to remove their pelts.

Jerry Smith is again working for George Dubbs at McNitt Brothers & Co's. stave mill.

Bills Introduced.

Mr. Smith, Indiana, making it unlawful for County Commissioners to contract to repair or build county bridges without advertising for sealed proposals, excepting contracts not amounting to $100.

Mr. Zane, Bucks, making voting compulsory at general elections and providing a penalty of $100 for failure to vote.

Mr. Lukens, Philadelphia, prohibiting school teachers from selling books or school supplies.

Mr. Kirk, Fulton, increasing to $50 the annual license for hawking and peddling in boroughs and townships where it is done on foot and $150 where a horse and carriage or other vehicle is used.

Mr. Troxell, Lycoming, allowing Justices of the Peace $2 for the storage of election boxes for each election.

TO SUBSIDIZE LARGE FAMILIES.

Representative Blumle Would Pay Subsidies, Issue Medals and Educate the Seventh Child.

Francis Xavier Blumle, son of the productive soil of Zeughouse, Wurtemburg, Germany, member of the Pennsylvania Legislature from Cameron county, Democrat and father of a family, is an enthusiastic advocate of the Rooseveltian theory of the correlation of progeny and patriotism.

And he practices what he preaches Mr. Blumle is the proud parent of eleven promising children, and it is with a not inappropriate sense of justification that he writes after his name, "Emporium, Pa."

Convinced that he and President Roosevelt are absolutely right in contending that the best citizenship is represented in the most prolific households, Mr. Blumle, always practical, conceives that the debt of obligation should not rest wholly on one side; that a grateful Commonwealth ought to demonstrate some measure of appreciation of its patriotic parents.

With laudable gallantry the father of eleven Blumles waives his present claims in favor of the ladies and the children. In a bill presented to the House he provides for a series of money prizes of from $10 to $50 and gold medals to be bestowed on mothers of from six to fifteen children and for the education of every seventh son and daughter at public expense, not to exceed $500 00

Spring Mills.

Public sales and flittings are all the rage in our section at present. "Good dinners, of course."

The Penn Hall band intends to give what promises to be a fine entertainment in the town hall, at that place, Saturday evening.

C. P. Long will open a furniture store on the second floor of his store building, this week.

H. F. Rossman purchased a fine piano-cased organ from C. E. Zeigler, the music dealer, last week.

Wm. Blauser, of Potters Mills, was seen on our streets Saturday evening.

The Fishermen are trying their luck every day, few fish, however, are caught.

Merchant C. P. Long made a business trip to eastern cities last week.

The Spring Mills Academy will open its spring session April 13 with Prof. W. P. Hosterman as principal and Miss Orpha Gramley teacher of the primary department. Prof. Hosterman is a fine instructor and present indications point to the fact that there will be a large number of students from all over the county in attendance.

J. N. Leitzell, last week returned from an extended trip to Portland Mills.

B. W. Ripka, who recently opened a general store here, is enjoying a very good trade.

A movement is on foot to organize an Odd Fellows Lodge in town. This is a movement in the right direction. Help it along.

Samuel L. Condo has taken the exclusive agency for the Mifflinburg Buggy Company, Mifflinburg. Anyone in need of a high grade buggy will do well to examine his stock before buying elsewhere. In connection Mr. Condo is also running a repair shop.

Rev. R. F. Fetterolf, of Mercersburg, accompanied by his little daughter spent a few days last week at the home of his sister, Mrs. C. A. Krape.

A. J. Shook was taken suddenly ill last Saturday night.

C. A. Krape has moved the post office into the dining room of his dwelling. He expects to rebuild shortly and in the mean time will fit up Mrs. Mary Stover's summer house as a shoe store.

Fires have come to be an ordinary occurrence in our town, the one that occurred Sunday night having been preceded by one a few months ago which destroyed Rearick's bicycle shop and Rossman's store.

Elias Fetterolf's sale last Friday afternoon was well attended, it being the first of the season in this section.

A. Merril Allison and S. Ward Gramley returned to this place last Saturday. The latter contemplates conducting a summer normal in Boalsburg.

Centre Hill.

Wm. M. Grove Tuesday evening of last week entertained a number of young people. Every one enjoyed the games and the refreshments of ice cream and cake as well. Those present were Gertrude, Mazie and Lillian Frank, Grace Runkle, Alice and Mary Weaver, Elsie, Lizzie and Mabel Alexander, Ray Smith, Rhoda Royer, Joyce Bible, Mary M. Wolf, G. W. Sharer, W. F. Keller, Maurice Breon, John and Emmon Sweetwood, Blaine Parmer, Lloyd and Earl Smith, Geo. McCormick, Harry Wilkison, Charles Lucas, Ammon Burkholder, John and Samuel Goodhart and S. E Sharer.

F. P. Bogdan, the road supervisor, has been around settling of late.

Mrs. Eliza Treaster's sale was well attended and everything brought fairly good prices.

Jacob Sharer made a business trip to Spring Mills last Thursday.

Merchant O. T. Korman, of Spring Mills, will have fresh fish each Friday and Saturday during the season. 4t.

DEATHS.

George L. Derr, of Laurelton, aged some seventy years, died at his home last week and was buried Monday. The deceased was a brother of Mrs. Kathryn Bitner, of Spring Mills.

Mrs. Mary Jane Foresman died at her home in Eagleville last Thursday night, aged about sixty years. She was the wife of the late Henry Foresman, whose death occurred 20 years ago.

Mrs. Sarah Schenck Hall, widow of Joseph B. Hall, of Howard, died at the age of eighty-two years, Friday morning of last week. Interment was made in the Schenck cemetery Sunday.

Henry Snyder died at his home near Woodward, Sunday morning after an illness of one week, superinduced by old age. Interment took place Wednesday morning. He leaves one son. Deceased's age was about seventy years.

Robert P. Long died from the effects of appendicitis in Chicago where he was engaged in the mercantile business. At one time Mr. Long was a prominent merchant in Howard, this county. Interment was made in Indianapolis, Indiana, where two of his step daughters live, one being Mrs. Smith, wife of Dr. C. L. Smith, formerly of Centre Hill.

Sale Register.

[Parties having their sale bills printed at this office will be given an advertisement under this head free of charge. When posters are not printed here the rate is Fifty Cents in advance.]

Friday, 10 a. m.—March 13—J. H. Wagner, one mile east of Potters Mills, large farm stock and complete set of farm implements.

Saturday, 1 p. m.—March 14—Centre Hall, G. W. Kershner, one horse, buggy, Portland cutter, book case, books, etc.

Saturday 1 p. m.—March 14—Harry Decker, 1¾ miles east of Centre Hill, on Dauberman's farm, household goods, etc.

Tuesday—March 17—Samuel Durst, south of Centre Hall.

Wednesday 10 a. m.—March 18—Jacob Shearer, east of Centre Hill, farm stock and implements.

Saturday 1 p. m.—March 21—Mrs. P. J Condo, one-half mile east of Centre Hall, horse, wagons, butchering utensils, household goods etc.

Saturday, 1 p. m.—March 21—J. W. Mitterling, one mile north of Tusseyville, horses, cows, implements, etc.

Monday, March 23—M. B. Duck, 2½ miles west of Spring Mills, a large farm stock and farm implements.

Tuesday 9 a. m.—March 24—Perry Breon, 2 miles east of Centre Hall. Large sale of farm stock and implements.

Saturday, 1 p. m.—March 28—Mrs. M. A. Rearick, on pike near Spring Mills live stock, farm implements, household furniture, etc.

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMNA.

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	15	Side	08
Butter	24	Tallow	04
Lard	12	Apples	35
Chickens, 7; cash	8	Dried Apples	4½
Ducks	07	Potatoes	40
Raspberries	—	Large Onions	65
Ham	12	Beef Hides	06
Shoulder	10	Spring Chickens	—

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	70
Old Corn	50
New Corn	50
Oats	32
New Oats	32
Barley	45

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	24
Eggs	15
Lard	10
Potatoes	45
Side Meat	8
Shoulder	10
Ham	12

SEVERE ATTACK OF GRIP

Cured by One Bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

"When I had an attack of the grip last winter (the second one) I actually cured myself with one bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says Frank W. Perry, Editor of the Enterprise, Shortsville, N. Y. "This is the honest truth. I at times kept from coughing myself to pieces by taking a teaspoonful of this remedy, and when the coughing spell would come on at night I would take a dose and it seemed that in the briefest interval the cough would pass off and I would go to sleep perfectly free from cough and its accompanying pains. To say that the remedy acted as a most agreeable surprise is putting it very mildly. I had no idea that it would or could knock out the grip, simply because I had never tried it for such a purpose, but it did, and it seemed with the second attack of coughing the remedy caused it to not only be of less duration, but the pains were far less severe, and I had not used the contents of one bottle before Mr. Grip had bid me adieu." For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills.

Wanted at Once.

100 bushels, good, sound Apples.
200 bushels Potatoes.
500 pounds of Lard.
500 pounds of Live Poultry.

Must have the above at once. Highest market price paid in cash or merchandise. O. T. KORMAN,
4t. Spring Mills, Pa.

If a farmer, you need fence wire, nails, and other hardware; if a mill man you need mill hooks, cant hooks, leather and gandy belts, packings and mill supplies. I carry all these goods in stock, at prices that will be attractive to you. 'Phone or write me, or, best of all, come and see me.

JOHN I. OLEWINE, Bellefonte, Pa.

Semi Annual Clearance Sale of Overcoats and Suits, 1-4 off; Overcoats and Suits, 1-3 off; Overcoats and Suits, 1-2 off;—Montgomery & Co., Clothiers.

If you need phosphate consult D. W. Bradford.

For Housekeepers.

Those who contemplate starting housekeeping will do well to visit John Smith & Bros. furniture store, Spring Mills. They carry the largest stock of furniture in Penns Valley to select from, in fact you can class them with goods in city stores. The bedroom suits range in quality from medium to quartered oak and polished finish. Stoves and ranges, carpets, oilcloth and rugs, window shades, curtain poles, parlor and mantle clocks. They have entire control of Penns Valley on a combination mattress, no straw, at four dollars. Special sale of wall paper while it lasts. Don't fail to visit their store before buying elsewhere.

Semi Annual Clearance Sale of Overcoats and Suits, 1-4 off; Overcoats and Suits, 1-3 off; Overcoats and Suits, 1-2 off.—Montgomery & Co., Clothiers.

Why Pay Rent or the Current Rate of Interest When the HomeCo-Operative Company a Co-partnership

will furnish you the money to buy a home, or pay the mortgage off, and give you

Ten Years and Five Months To pay it back at the Rate of $8.50, per Month, With Interest at 3 Per Cent. Per Annum

on the graduating scale, which amounts to 1¼ per cent. simple interest on amount. Strict investigation courted.

I am also agent for the

Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York

The largest in the World. You cannot afford to insure your life until you see me. Write or call on the General Agent for full particulars. Any information required will be given.

Edwin K. Smith
General Agent
Oak Hall Sta., Pa.

Dress Patterns
Dress Trimmings
Embroideiese

These are the Special Goods just in. In this line, you know, we are not only up to but ahead of the average merchant—a well earned and acknowledged reputation. Come to see.

Stock is Complete

Our stock is complete in Every Department, although the room is small. Ask for the goods, be patient a few moments and we will be able to resurrect what you want from the stock of all new goods.

Come to see us.

H. F. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills.

Seasonable Goods
Seasonable Prices

We have a line of goods that are entirely seasonable. Ours is everybody's store, with special prices to none—all prices are low enough to be termed bargains.

GROCERIES
and—
DRY GOODS

are the principal articles now needed in the household. These goods are here and are sold at the lowest possible price.

WOOLEN GOODS

at the right prices. Come to see us.

C. J. FINKLE
Spring Mills, Pa.

..Specials..

You cannot match these bargains anywhere . . .

500 pieces of Granite Ware at Ten Cents each, any piece worth from 15 to 25 Cents, regular. Unheard of prize, 10c.

That Pound of Oleine Soap at Five Cents is a stunner.

A SASH CURTAIN SPECIAL. Ready to put up, no shoddy, nice enough for any room, just think of it, only Twenty-five Cents for the pair. No body can buy the material for that amount, and all ready to hang without a stitch of sewing.

...Garman's...
BELLEFONTE, PA.

PENNSYLVANIA R.R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect May 25, '02.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON EASTWARD.

7.37 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 p. m., New York 2.18 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.55 a. m.—Train 59 Daily for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

3 p. m.—Train 12 Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.22 p. m., New York 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and past passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.54 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m., Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.05 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.3 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia, 7.22 a. m., New York 9.35 a. m., (10.58 a. m. Sundays,) Baltimore 7.15 a. m., Washington 8.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.38 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Syracuse Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.27 p. m.—Train 7. Week days for Renovo Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.00 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 91 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward. P M	Westward. A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	Eastward. P M
1 38	5 40	Montandon	9 15	6 51
1 45	5 30	Lewisburg	9 05	6 42
1 53	5 38	Biehl	8 58	6 35
1 57	5 42	Vicksburg	8 53	6 31
2 05	5 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	6 26
2 16	7 02	Millmont	8 33	6 13
2 23	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	6 06
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	5 41
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	5 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	5 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	5 17
3 23	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	5 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	5 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	4 58
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	4 49
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	4 45
3 50	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 02	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 55	Axemann	6 45	1
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m. 7.25 a. m., 9.35 a. m. 1.15 5.15 and 7.50 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.30 a. m. 10.03 a. m. 3.00, 5.32 p. m. and 8.07 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.16 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.55 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.28 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.37 p. m.

J. B HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. K WOOD, General Passenger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	June 23, 1900	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p. m.	Lv. Ar	p. m	p. m	a. m.
†7 00	12 40	6 45	BELLEFONTE	9 25	5 15	9 35
7 11	2 51	6 56	Nigh	9 12	5 02	9 22
7 16	2 56	7 01	Zion	9 06	4 56	9 16
7 23	3 03	7 07	Hecla Park	9 00	4 50	9 10
7 25	3 05	7 09	Dunkles	8 58	4 48	9 07
7 29	3 09	7 13	HUBLERSB'G	8 54	4 44	9 03
7 33	3 13	7 17	Snydertown	8 50	4 40	8 59
7 35	3 15	7 19	Nittany	8 47	4 37	8 56
7 37	3 17	7 21	Huston	8 44	4 34	8 53
7 41	3 21	7 25	LAMAR	8 41	4 31	8 50
7 43	3 23	7 27	Clintondale	8 38	4 28	8 47
7 47	3 27	7 31	Krider's S'n g	8 33	4 23	8 43
7 51	3 31	7 35	Mackeyville	8 30	4 19	8 38
7 57	3 37	7 41	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 12	8 32
8 00	3 40	7 44	Salona	8 20	4 10	8 29
8 05	3 45	7 50	MILL HALL	†8 15	†4 05	†8 25
11 45	8 45		Jersey Shore	3 22		7 40
12 20	9 10	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	†2 50		†7 10
†12 29	11 30	Lve	Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30		
			(Philad & Reading Ry.)			
7 30	6 50		PHILA	†8 36		11 36
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	†4 25		7 30
			(Via Philad.)			
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
			(Via Tamaqua)			
P. M.	P. M.					

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12¾	8¾	2¾	STATIONS. Ar.	Lv.	WESTWARD 11¾	7¾	11¾
PM	PM	AM			A M	A M	P M
6 30	1 10	8 45		Bellefonte	6 20	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40		Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37		Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35		Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31		Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28		Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24		Brialy	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20		Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18		Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 46	12 26	8 "		Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 02
5 43	12 24	8 04		Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00
5 31	12 22	8 02		Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00		State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

†Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Sup't

FIRST VIEW OF WHITE MEN

The Rifle and Burning Glass Frightened the Indians.

It is small wonder that the first view of a white man created terror among the superstitious Indians. A striking instance of this occurred when the Wallawalla Indians first saw Captain Clark of the Lewis and Clark expedition. Thinking to propitiate the savages and allay their fears of the white men, he planned to visit a village of the Wallawallas before the arrival of the rest of his party.

With this end in view, he set out to cross the Columbia river in a canoe, taking three men with him. On the way he shot a crane and a duck, both of which fell near him. He landed before five wigwams placed close to each other, but not a person was visible, and the doors, which were of mat, were closed. Holding his pipe in hand, as an indication of good will, he pushed aside one of the doors and entered the lodge.

Inside were thirty men, women and children huddled together in terror. He went to them, shook each by the hand and said some friendly words, expressing by word and manner his kindly feeling. Their apprehensions were allayed until he took out his burning glass and lighted his pipe by the rays of the sun. Consternation again prevailed, and what might have occurred but for the timely arrival of two chiefs who knew the white men cannot be told.

It seems that the Indians had not seen Captain Clark, but they had seen the white crane which he had shot fall just before his appearance. They had also seen the duck fall at his shot. They connected the fall of the birds with his advent and thought he had fallen from the clouds.

The sound of the rifle, which they had never before heard, they believed was a signal to announce the white man's coming. Small wonder, then, that their hardly allayed fears were again aroused when he brought down fire from heaven by means of his burning glass.—Youth's Companion.

POULTRY POINTERS.

Large roosters with small hens is a very poor combination.

Scalded milk and cooked rice will often stop diarrhea in fowls.

Indigestion, one of the worst diseases among poultry, is often caused by sour, moldy food.

Eggs intended to be hatched in an incubator should never be allowed to become chilled.

In order to have poultry tender and juicy they must be fattened quickly. Two weeks of good feeding are usually sufficient.

Use plenty of lime in the poultry house. It will kill lice, is a good disinfectant, will purify the air, it destroys vermin and prevents gapes.

One of the best ways of feeding oats to poultry is to put them in a tub at night, pour scalding water over them, let them stand until morning and feed them warm.

When the fowls are closely confined or when the ground is covered with snow, they must have bulky food. Cut clover hay well steamed is good, as are also cabbage leaves.

Some of Burns' Phrases.

Here are a few specimens of Burns' happy phrases: "The best laid schemes of mice and men gang aft agley;" "The fear of hell 's the hangman's whip, to haud the wretch in order;" "But pleasures are like poppies spread; you seize the flower, its bloom is shed;" "Oh, wad some power the giftie gie us to see ourselves as ithers see us;" "Man's inhumanity to man makes countless thousands mourn;" "Nursing her wrath to keep it warm;" "The mirth and fun grew fast and furious;" "What's done we partly may compute, but know not what's resisted;" "Princes and lords are but the breath of kings;" "The rank is but the guinea stamp; a man's a man for a' that."

Removing Tumors Early.

If it were generally known among intelligent people that great numbers of innocent tumors sooner or later become malignant and that malignant tumors often simulate benign tumors and remain quiescent for a great while, the sufferers would unhesitatingly consent to the removal of these morbid growths in their inception, long before the possible advent of serious mischief, or when the cure might be effected by minor operations which would leave the smallest scars, especially in such parts as the face, neck, arms or hands.

The Rubber.

"I made an angel cake that was elegant and one that was awful," said Maud. "This is the third, and it will decide as to whether or not I can be considered an expert."

"I could tell this was the rubber," said Harry as he tried the cake. "It tastes like it."

Insinuating.

"I didn't ring your fare up yet," said the conductor, holding out his hand.

"Oh, that's all right," whispered the passenger who was trying to evade paying. "Just keep it in your pocket. I won't tell the company."—Chicago News.

Mercenary.

"But you don't think he's mercenary, papa?"

"Why, yes, I do. I'm afraid he regards marriage as a get rich quick scheme!"—Puck.

No Comparison.

First Boy—My mamma belongs to one of the first families.

Second Boy—Pooh! That's nothing. Mine belongs to one of the last families.—Life.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 per year, in advance.

HER FIRST 0100.

What the Delightful Creature Did With It After Much Advice.

How she acquired it it does not really matter—possibly by teaching school, painting fire screens or washing. Anyway, when she found herself in possession of the sum she set about to see what she could do with it.

Certain amiable friends told her it would be very nice to buy some new dresses, hats, gloves, shoes and such. But she had a full assortment and didn't require anything of the sort. An aunt told her to invest it in a certain telegraph stock that would bring in good interest.

"But I want my hundred dollars all to myself, you know."

"Poor, foolish dear, it will all be yours, just the same. You can use the interest just the same. I know where you can draw—why, 6 per cent."

"Wh-at? That is only $6 a year! Six dollars is awfully small by the side of this. I'm going to count it again. Maybe some of it is gone." The very thought of such a thing made the little creature chatter. For the tenth time that day she sat down and counted the talismanic roll of bills—four twenties, one ten and two fives. It was all right, and her pulse resumed its normal beat. Suddenly she gave a little shriek of delight and jumped up and cried:

"I know just what I shall do! I'll get it—busted. I think that's what they call"—

"Child, what are you talking about?"

"Talking about finance, auntie. I'm going to make this stingy little roll into a big one. It doesn't show off at all."

"You are queer, dear."

"I'm going to get it all in five dollar bills. I think the pictures on the fives are ever so much prettier." Life seemed more rosy after the delightful creature possessed twenty nice crisp fivers. She counted and recounted them when another fancy came.

"I'm tired looking at these common bills. They don't jingle and ring. I'm going to get five nice, clean, new twenty dollar goldpieces." No sooner was it said than done. The table rang for two days as she tossed the bright yellow pieces about like jack stones. Even then she wasn't quite happy. The little pile of twenty dollar yellow boys looked so small. Then she scouted about and got together 100 silver dollars. She polished every one daily and played with them. Next she got 200 fifty cent pieces. But life was still an aching void. She at last owned $100 in twenty-five cent coins. Surely she must be satisfied now. But, no; she broke into one of the quarters, felt discouraged after that and was quite unlike her old self until she found one little nickel left, the very last coin of the hundred dollars that had caused her so much trouble.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Snakes.

There exists among many persons a belief that snakes are creatures of more or less defective organization. Deprived of legs and reduced to effect their movements by sinuous windings of their elongated bodies and tails, they have an appearance of helplessness which may by itself excite compassion. Yet no mistake of the kind could well be greater. The principles of evolution suffice to make it evident that the structure of serpents must be tolerably good or else they could never have survived nature's many destructive agencies. But, in fact, their structure is a marvel of admirable contrivances and accurate adjustments, so that we must affirm them to be as perfectly adapted to their requirements and peculiar modes of life as any other animals.—Quarterly Review.

Iconoclasm.

"Well," said the man who had come in from the remote wilds, "I suppose you've took your seat in congress ag'in."

"No. You remember, I had the misfortune to be defeated."

"You don't say! And after me travelin' forty mile to vote fer you! The fellas out our way will shore be surprised. So you ain't goin' to sit in congress no more?"

"I'm afraid not."

"Well, well! Things are certainly goin' queer these days. I reckon they'll be movin' the Washington monument next."—Washington Star.

A Thoughtless Sister.

Mrs. Gotthere—Such impudence! Here's Sister Matilda proposing to come here with both her children and make us a long visit.

Mr. G.—But you spent half last season at her home in the country, and you had four children and a nurse.

Mrs. G.—A different thing altogether. She has no servants, but she knows perfectly well that we have several and that every one of them will get mad and leave if the family is increased.—New York Weekly.

Pedagogy.

"But," objected the visitor, "quite a number of your pupils have broken down and become imbeciles."

"True," replied the eminent educator, "but we confidently expect better things in the future. The bacillus of overstudy having now been identified and a serum for its destruction devised, we look for no further trouble of the kind you mention."—Life.

Champion Diagnostician.

Naggsby—I noticed that Fetherhed used vinegar instead of maple drip on his cakes at breakfast and didn't seem to notice the difference at all.

Waggsby—I wonder who the poor girl can be.—Baltimore American.

Whether or not a man succeeds in life sometimes depends on whether he spurs himself or spares himself.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

If you have any painting in view you must have lead, oil and colors, see JOHN I. OLEWINE, Bellefonte, Pa.

A DESERT CARAVAN.

Its Start Across the Dreary Sand Wastes of Sahara.

There were the last words, instructions, cautions, adieus, and then Abdullah held up his hand. Ali gave the cry of the camel driver, and the uncouth beasts, twisting and snarling under their loads, struggled to their feet.

Another cry, and they began their voyage. They traversed the square, passed the mosque, turned down a narrow street and in five minutes crossed the line that bounded the oasis and entered upon the desert.

Immediately the dun leader took his place at the left and slightly in advance. The fourth on the right of the dun was the black racer. He carried two water skins and Abdullah's saddle. Then came in ranks fifteen camels, Ali riding in the center. On the right flank rode the two women, with enormous red and white cotton sunshades stretched behind them; then at an interval of six rods came fifteen camels unattended. They simply followed the squad in front. The dun leader and the black racer had lanyards about their necks. The other camels had no harness save the surcingles that held their loads.

In a panic, a sandstorm, a fusillade from Bedouins, a mirage and a race for water, if Abdullah and Ali could grasp these lanyards the caravan was saved since the other camels followed the dun leader and the black racer as sheep follow the bellwether.

Abdullah walked at the left, abreast of the dun. At intervals he rode the black racer.

The pace of a caravan is two miles an hour, but Abdullah's, the two cripples included, could make two miles and a quarter. The black racer could make sixty miles a day for five days without drinking, but at the end of such a journey his hump would be no larger than a pincushion, and his temper—

For centuries it has been the custom of Sahara caravans to travel not more than five miles the first day.—"The Desert," by Arthur Cosslett Smith, in Scribner's.

JAPANESE PROVERBS.

Some Really Fine Sayings Worthy of Universal Acceptance.

The Japanese do not expect to gather grapes from thorns or figs of thistles, but they phrase our thoughts somewhat differently. They say, "The spawn of frogs will become nothing but frogs."

We have a saying, "Despise not the day of small things." Their "Famous swords are made of iron scrapings" is much more picturesque.

The idea of our "All lay the load on the willing horse" they express by "Those who know the ropes do most of the hauling." While our commonplace "Out of evil good may come" finds with them a fine poetical expression in "The lotus springs from the mud," and in point of polgnancy our "Adding insult to injury" is vastly inferior to their "Rubbing salt on a sore."

The Japanese have some really fine sayings worthy of universal acceptance, such as "Thine own heart makes the world" or "The poet at home sees the entire universe" or "The throne of the god is on the brow of a righteous man."

Their nice observance of manners is evidenced by sayings such as "Excess of politeness becomes impoliteness," their national suspiciousness in the like of "Don't trust a pigeon to carry grain," and the handy man's abhorrence of a bungler finds expression in numerous quips such as "Learning to swim in a field" or "Scratching the foot with the shoe on."

Words Ending In "Ator."

There never has been any general rule of pronunciation as to nouns ending in "ator." In Scotland the mode differed from the English rule in more usually throwing the accent back. Was it not Erskine who in his earlier days, having spoken of a curator, making the word a dactyl, was interrupted by the judge before whom he was pleading with, "'Cura-tor,' if you please, Mr. Erskine; a Latin word with a long penult!"

"Thank you, my lord," was his ready retort, "for your correction. I bow to the authority of so distinguished a 'sena-tor' and 'ora-tor' as your lordship."—London Spectator.

A Mighty Man.

Topham, the prince of English strong men, had knots of muscles where the armpits are in the ordinary man. He could take a bar of iron 1½ inches in diameter and 5 feet long, place the middle of it over the back of his neck and then force the ends forward until they met before his face. On one occasion he called upon a village blacksmith and made of him an everlasting enemy by picking up a number of horseshoes and snapping them in two as easily as if they had been pine sticks.

A Smitten Conscience.

Dr. Fourthly—I believe my sermon on sincerity this morning sank deep into some hearts and did good.

Parishioner—Yes; as Foley and his wife went home he explained to people on the street car that his wife's hair and teeth were false.

Good Scheme.

"To what do you attribute the curative properties of your springs?" asked a visitor at a health resort.

"Well," answered the proprietor thoughtfully, "I guess the advertising we done has had something to do with it."

His Badly Chosen Phrase.

"Don't you think that young Hunker wants to marry Miss Dollyers for her money?" asked Hojack.

"I think so," replied Tomdik. "I heard him say that he loved her for all she was worth."—Judge.

Write Grant Hoover for prices on insurance.

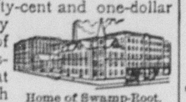
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of Reuben Gramley, late of Miles township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request any persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. C. M. GRAMLEY, Executor.
Fortney & Walker, attorneys, Rebersburg, Pa.
Bellefonte, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE—One mile west of the Old Fort, at the residence of the undersigned, TUESDAY, MARCH 17, 1 P. M. the following personal property: Mare, one year old, good worker, two coach colts, three years old in May and broken to harness, seven head good milch cows, two have calves now, one will be fresh by time of sale, nine head of young cattle, one a fine steer; seven young calves, fine Shorthorn bull, blood red, twenty-nine good shoats, Berkshire and Chesterwhite; two brood sows, one Berkshire and one Chesterwhite, fine Berkshire boar; thirteen good sheep (of the black face breed) will drop lambs by last of March; good two-horse wagon, Princess plow, harness flynets, bridles, etc.; Rural New York seed potatoes, by the bushel, apple-butter, cornears by the bushel, one-half dozen chairs, good bed stead.
SAMUEL DURST.
Wm. Goheen, auctioneer. Centre Hall, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE.—There will be sold at public sale at the residence of the undersigned, one mile east of Potters Mills, FRIDAY, MARCH 13, 10 A. M. the following personal property: Two work horses, bay horse, four years old, span of mules, well broken, pair yearling mule colts, will make good animals, two-year old colt, seven milch cows, two shorthorn bulls, nine head young cattle, twelve good sheep, ten shoats, brood sow, two wagons with 4-inch tire, bob sled, log sled, 2-seated sleigh, buggy, 2 seated spring wagon, cart, Deering binder, Champion mower, hay rake, buckeye cultivator, land roller, corn scraper, Centre Hall corn planter, two new Syracuse plows, spike tooth and spring harrow, Superior grain drill, single and double trees, spreader chains, rakes and forks, two sets geers, set buggy harness, collars, bridles, flynets, set spring wagon harness, check lines, cable chains, digging irons, picks, shovels, etc.
J. H. WAGNER,
Potters Mills, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE—One-half mile east of Centre Hill, on W. H. Meyer farm, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 10 A. M. Dapple gray, six years old, weighs 1425 lbs., gray eight years old, weighs, 1250 lbs., black, ten years old, weighs 1200 lbs., two-year old stallion, fine mare, two years old, ten fine milch cows, shorthorn bull, three years old, very gentle, yearling bull, ten head young cattle, eighteen fine shoats, Poland brood sow, thirty-two fine sheep, Shropshire buck, sow, will drop pigs about time of sale, Osborne Columbia binder, Osborne mower, Pennsylvania force feed fertilizer grain drill, Imperial sulkey plow, Vulcan plow, No. 13, three spring tooth harrows, shovel plow, Hench riding cultivator, corn sheller, fodder cutter, hay carrier, can be used in any barn, lady's bicycle, good as new, two sets team harness, set buggy harness, two sets check lines, bridles, collars, plank sleds, second hand wagon spokes and rims, scrap iron, forks, wagon jacks, one-man cross cut saw, ash hopper frame, bros. axe, carpenter's boring machine, ice tongs, two pieces water pipe, ¾-inch rubber hose in four sections, hay rope, double harpoon with 180 feet ¾-inch Manila rope, four pulleys, self-feed coal stove, two bbls. cider vinegar, etc
JACOB SHARER,
Centre Hill, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE—There will be sold at public sale at the residence of the undersigned, two miles east of Centre Hall, TUESDAY, MARCH 24, 10 A. M. the following personal property: Three horses, one a four year old bright bay, one eight year old gray mare, work anywhere, and one eight year old gelding, all good workers, ten cows, all with calves bred to a Shorthorn bull, heifer with calf, five yearling heifers, eight Shorthorn bulls, from nine to twelve months old, twenty-two head of sheep, six brood sows, three or four will have pigs time of sale, others 30 to 60 days later, one is a Berkshire, five Chesterwhite, large Chesterwhite boar, twenty-five shoats from fifty to one hundred lbs. by time of sale. Two large wagons, with broad tire, one with ladder other with sixty-five bushel bed and ladders, bench cultivator with double row panter attachment, two Oliver chilled plows, two spring harrows, spike tooth harrow, single and double trees, horse gears, large coal stove, old cook stove, household goods.
PERRY W. BREON,
Centre Hall, Pa.

WHEELBARROWS FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for sale four new wheelbarrows, home made, ironed complete. Material first-class. Price, $3.50 to $4.00.
JOHN A. McCLENAHAN.
Centre Hall, Pa., March 5.

FOR SALE—The property in Centre Hall known as the "Daniel Fleisher Homestead" will be sold at private sale cheap, to close up estate. For particulars address
J. S. FLEISHER, Executor,
Jamestown, N. Y., No. 713 Washington St.

PRIVATE SALE OF NEW FARM IMPLEMENTS AT COST.—The undersigned offers for sale, at actual cost, the following farm implements, which are positively new, up-to-date, and manufactured by M. D. Osborne: Three self-dump Hay Rakes, eight feet wide with twenty teeth; four Spring-Tooth Lever Harrows, fifteen teeth.
These implements can be seen at my premises in Centre Hall, Pa., near Reformed church.
Feb. 19, 1903. 6t MRS. W. A. BOAL.

FOR RENT—The Dinges Store building is for rent, good location for bakery or general business. H. W. DINGES,
Jan. 22, 1903, Centre Hall, Pa.

Danger of Colds and Grip.

The greatest danger from colds and grip is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. It will cure a cold or an attack of the grip in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by C. W. Swartz, Tusseyville; F. A. Carson, Potters Mills; C. J. Finkle, Spring Mills.

KREAMER & SON.

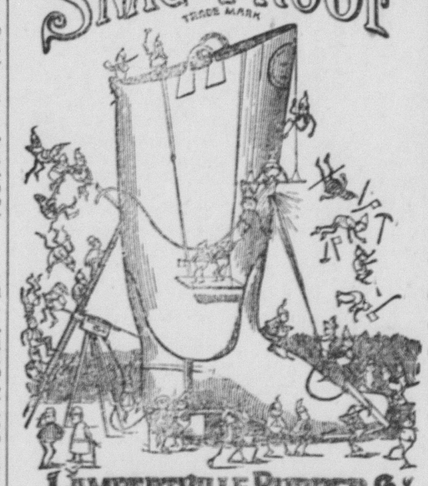
A fine full line of . . .
LADIES' & MISSES' SHOES.

A Complete line . . . .
MEN'S AND BOYS' SHOES.

Please do not forget our . .
FINE LINE OF CARPETS.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

"SNAG-PROOF" TRADE MARK



LAMBERTVILLE RUBBER CO.
LAMBERTVILLE, N. J.

We are Still Doing Business
At the Old Stand.
We have no prices to give, but we have
Special Bargains in . . . .
Women's Winter Shoes.
Our Rubber Line is complete, and prices defy competition.

P. V. S. STORE.
Goods exchanged for Produce. . . .
C. A. KRAPE.
Spring Mills, Pa.

The Lamp of Steady Habits

The lamp that doesn't flare up or smoke, or cause you to use bad language; the lamp that looks good when you get it and stays good; the lamp that you never willingly part with, once you have it; that's

The New Rochester.

Other lamps may be offered you as "just as good"—they may be, in some respects, but for all around goodness, there's only one. *The New Rochester.* To make sure the lamp offered you is genuine, look for the name on it; every lamp has it. (300 Varieties.)

Old Lamps Made New.

We can fill every lamp want. No matter whether you want a new lamp or *stove,* an old one repaired or refinished, a vase mounted or other make of lamp transformed into a **New Rochester,** we can do it. Let us send you literature on the subject.
We are SPECIALISTS in the treatment of diseases of Lamps. Consultation FREE.

THE ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 38 Park Place & 35 Barclay St., New York.

A Stock of Furniture To Suit All Tastes

Making up a Stock of Furniture to suit all tases is no small task, but I have succeded. The popularity of my store as a destributing center of—

BEAUTIFUL
WELL-MADE
FINELY FINISHED

Furniture never diminishes. The satisfaction expressed by those who have bought here is gratifying to us, and an additional recommendation to intending purchasers. I am anxious to secure your Furniture Trade, I don't disguise the fact at all, and I am willing to make an extra effort to have you pleased.

I am absolutely positive of my ability to save you money.

Special attention given to the direction of funerals—the most approved embalming methods employed.

MILLHEIM, PA. S. M. CAMPBELL.
COMMERCIAL and BELL TELEPHONES.

A Farmer or His Son

or a townsman will be hired by us at $50 MONTHLY and expenses, or 30 per cent. commission to take orders for our Farm Seeds, Fruits and Flowers. We sell four grades of fruits, so any competition can be met. Our stock warranted. You do not deliver or collect. Can devote all or part time. We pay you each week. Good chance to earn money this winter. Write for free outfit at once.
Perry Nursery Co., Rochester, N. Y

GRANT HOOVER

Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.

The Best is the Cheapest.....

No mutuals; no assessments.

...Money to Loan on First Mortgage

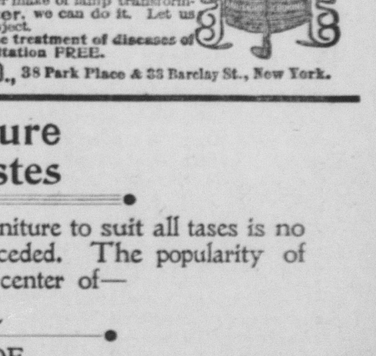
Office in Crider's Stone Building,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

Livery . . .

D. A. BOOZER, Prop.

Centre Hall - - Penn.

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.



H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

SIX PEOPLE ARE BURNED

Holocaust in the West Virginia Mining Town of Leiter.

CAUSED BY THE EXPLOSION OF LAMP.

The House Was a Frame Structure and Burned With Great Rapidity—Nothing in the House Was Saved, and the Sleeping Inmates Awoke to Find the Lower Part of the Structure in a Blaze.

Elkins, W. Va. (Special).—In the burning of a double house at Leiter, a mining town below Elkins, six persons are known to have lost their lives and several were badly injured.

It is believed by some that seven persons in all lost their lives, one other man being missing.

The house was occupied on one side by Thomas Coughlan and on the other by Silas Finley. They kept a hotel together.

The fire was first discovered in Miss Coughlan's room and is believed to have been caused by the explosion of a lamp. The flames made such headway that the building collapsed a few moments after the blaze was detected. Those who did escape barely had time to do so. There were 14 persons in the house.

Mr. Anderson was foreman of the Roaring Creek and Bellington railroad operations. He and his family lived on the Finley side of the house. The others who were cremated lived on the Coughlan side.

A brisk south wind was blowing at the time the fire occurred. The house was built in a flimsy manner and the weatherboarding was dry. It burned like tinder, the flames spreading from one part to another with astonishing rapidity.

The lower part of the house was full of fire and smoke when the inmates awoke. Those who were saved were compelled to leap from the upper-story window. They were sleeping soundly when aroused by the crackling flames. Arising from their beds, they just had time to run to the top story and jump out of the windows. Clad only in their night clothes, they saw in a few moments the building entirely consumed and knew that six of their friends had met death in the blazing structure. Hardly an article out of all their numerous personal belongings in the house was saved.

After the ashes had cooled off to some extent the search of the ruins began. Soon the bodies of the six victims were recovered. All of them were terribly burned, being charred beyond all recognition.

Leiter, where this tragedy occurred, is a small town eight miles south of Elkins. Almost its entire population is composed of persons connected with the mines at that place. There is little apparatus for fighting fire there, and no matter how good it might have been the house burned so rapidly that it would hardly have been possible to have saved any of those who were cremated.

NEW CRUISER LAUNCHED.

The Chattanooga Glides Down the Ways—Large Crowd Attended.

New York (Special).—In the presence of 3000 spectators, including officials of the State of Tennessee, the City of Chattanooga, the City of New York and many naval officers, the United States cruiser Chattanooga was launched at the shipyards of the United States Shipbuilding Company at Elizabethport, N. J. With flying colors the warship slid gracefully down the ways and took the water amid a tumult of cheers and deafening whistle blasts from yachts and other vessels crowded with spectators. The Chattanooga was christened by the young daughter of the Mayor of Chattanooga, Lillian Chambliss, who broke a bottle of champagne against the prow, with the words, "I christen thee, good ship, in honor of Chattanooga." The maids of honor were Miss Frances Bond and Miss Rieta Faxon.

EXPLOIT OF FOUR ROBBERS.

Six Hundred Dollars Worth of Goods Stolen From Moving Car.

Seaford, Del. (Special).—Detective Hutchins, of the Delaware Railroad, assisted by Special Policeman Thomas Messick, arrested four alleged thieves here who are charged with breaking a seal on a freight car at Ross Station, one mile north of this town, and robbing the car of $600 worth of shoes, jumpers and overalls consigned to parties in Pocomoke City, Md., and Cape Charles, Va.

The robbers boarded the train at Wilmington, and when it reached the lonely siding at Ross, threw the cases out, jumping off the train here. They returned to their plunder, broke the cases open and carried the contests off in sacks. They concealed them in a shanty near town.

KING SENT TO INSANE ASYLUM.

He Shot Two Sisters at the New York Foundling Asylum.

New York (Special).—Henry J. King, who has been confined in the Tombs Prison since July, 1901, having been found guilty on two counts of assault in the second degree, was declared insane by a commission appointed by Recorder Goff. He will be sent to Matteawan Insane Asylum.

A year ago last July King went to the New York Foundling Asylum and shot two of the sisters there, slightly wounding them. He had been an inmate of the asylum when a boy, and had a hallucination that he was the illegitimate son of wealthy parents. He demanded that the sisters tell him the name of his supposed wealthy parents. While they were trying to calm him he drew a revolver and shot two of them.

Ghoul Tells of His Work.

Noblesville, Ind. (Special).—Rufus Cantrell, the alleged grave robber, came here from Indianapolis to testify before the grand jury. He was accompanied by his attorney and two detectives. Cantrell was before the jury all the morning and made a full confession of his alleged relations with men of this county who, he says, have been robbing graves in nearly every cemetery in the county for seven or eight years. He said that bodies were taken from the river in boats and hauled to the colleges in wagons.

THE LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

Domestic.

Nellie Fletcher, who was found dead in a New York boardinghouse, it was found, was a New Haven girl, who had gone to Chicago with a Yale graduate, but had returned East.

President Buchanan, of the International Association of Ironworkers, stated that the strike was ordered because the American Bridge Company had violated its agreement.

The cry of "Fire" in Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theater, New York, nearly caused a panic. Five women fainted. There was no fire and the engines were only passing.

The ferryboat Neptune, plying between Allegheny, Pa., and the West End, was sunk by the steamer Margaret and all on board were forced to swim to the shore.

In a head-on collision between passenger trains on the Burlington Railroad, John Peterson was fatally crushed and three other passengers injured.

David W. Bucklin, who was arrested in the raid on Canfield's, in New York, sued the Trenton (N. J.) chief of police for $25,000 damages.

The Porto Rico House of Delegates passed the Million-Dollar Insular Loan Bill. All the American members of the House opposed it.

The plant of the Franklin Baker Company, importers of cocoanuts, in Philadelphia, was partially destroyed by fire.

The federal grand jury at Chicago returned several indictments against get-rick-quick turf investment concerns.

The officers and joint committees of the Brotherhoods of Firemen and Trainmen sent a circular to their respective lodges advising them not to strike pending a decision by the court on the injunction proceedings instituted.

Mrs. Albert Zorn, who died of strychnine-poisoning in Chicago, according to her husband's statement, committed suicide after reading Tolstoi's "Resurrection" and comparing her life with that of the heroine.

Charles T. Molony, general superintendent of the Pennsylvania Warehousing and Safe Deposit Company, secured $7,000 from the Girard National Bank on an alleged forged check and disappeared.

During discussion of the reciprocity treaty in the Cuban Senate Senor Sanguily denounced it as a scheme on the part of the United States to keep European commerce out of Cuba.

A general strike has been ordered by the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers against the American Bridge Company.

Rev. J. M. Caldwell, at one time a presiding elder in the Methodist Episcopal Church, was declared insane by a Chicago jury.

The Convention of Negro Presidents of Agricultural Colleges in an address urges members of their race to take up farm life.

Judge Cantrill, in Versailles, Ky., decided that Governor Beckham is eligible for re-election as governor of Kentucky.

Cornell University professors are to be retired after attaining the age of 70 years on a pension of $1,500 a year.

Charles E. L. Henderson was executed in Duluth, Minn., for the murder of Ida McCormick, his mistress.

A conference of Sunday school missionaries, at which 17 states are represented, was begun in Chicago.

Rufus Cantrell, the resurrectionist, made a full confession to the grand jury in Noblesville, Ind.

District Attorney Coatesworth, of Buffalo, declares himself to be satisfied that he knows who committed the Burdick murder, but has not yet sufficiently strong evidence to convict.

A negro Wednesday night entered the house of a white man at Cordova, Ala., for robbery, and in a fight that followed killed the white man and murdered his wife and child.

Foreign.

Lord Lovat, who commanded a corps of scouts and won the Distinguished Service Order in the war in South Africa, in making his maiden speech in the House of Lords failed utterly and had to sit down.

A new steamship company is being formed at Hamburg under the name of the Dampfschiffs Rhederei Verein, the directors including William Volkens and Herman Sielcken, of New York.

President Francis, of the St. Louis Exposition, was the recipient of a very demonstrative reception in Paris, in which personal representatives of President Loubet participated.

Prince George, eldest son of the Crown Prince of Saxony, disappeared from the palace at Dresden and was found in the cathedral praying that his mother might return.

Emperor William will not visit King Christian on the occasion of his birthday because it falls in Holy Week, but will make the trip a week earlier to Copenhagen.

The Ameer of Afghanistan has divorced all but four of his wives, and has made this number the limit for all of his subjects.

The Trans-Siberian Railway, whose length is about 3700 miles, was reported to have cost $192,300,000.

It is reported that the Venezuelan revolutionists have gathered their forces around Caracas and that all the eastern part of the country excepting Cumana is held by them.

The German Navy Department officials decline to disclose in Parliament a list of warships ready to be equipped for service.

A meeting was held in London to consider plans for celebration of the centenary of the British and Foreign Bible Society.

Sir Edward Bertram Bates, aged 26, member of the firm of Bates & Sons, steamship owners, Liverpool, died at Bombay.

United States Minister Powell has succeeded in requiring the Dominican government to treat American interests fairly.

Financial.

Mercantile financial troubles in New York have been adjusted.

Six per cent. is charged for some six month loans in New York.

Gould put his shoulder under Missouri Pacific and lifted it two points.

Kansas City Southern preferred jumped 2 per cent. the last ten minutes.

Another drop in foreign exchange rates. Uncle Sam will keep his gold at home.

The bear raid on Union Pacific led by Keene has meant the selling of about 200,000 shares.

MORE PAY FOR MINERS

Commission Will Recommend Approximately Ten Per Cent. Increase.

RECKONING BY ACTUAL WEIGHT.

The Question of Recognition of the Miners' Union is Considered a Question of Policy and Legislation, and the Best the Commission Can Do is to Make Recommendations to the President.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—There is no doubt that the coal strike commission has decided that the miners should have an increase of pay, and it will approximate the 10 per cent. which has been under discussion. There also appears to be no doubt that a majority of the committee stands for payment by actual weight instead of by "inspection" and car measurements.

Some of the committee hold that since the passage of the Hoar bill expediting cases on the docket, no strike would ever be necessary if the cause of complaint were sent immediately to a federal court, promptly argued and promptly settled.

The application of the law of injunction, these members hold, would operate under the Hoar bill to the benefit of both operators and miners. A cutting down of wages, for instance, could be made the immediate cause of a case and decision in court.

There will be in the historical part of the report an adverse criticism of the delay of the operators in agreeing to the present form of arbitrating the strike.

It is said that the committee has made no declaration directly on the principle of boycott. The solution of that question, it is regarded, is involved in the character of legislation to be suggested by the President. The commission will, therefore, say that pending the enactment of law the principle of the boycott be held in abeyance.

That is practically a decision in favor of the miners' union, because it will require a year, perhaps two, for the enactment of any specific law dealing with the most important question of the recognition of unions. A boycotted workman's remedy, pending such enactment, would not be the stirring up of strife in the coal fields by himself or by the machination of operators, but by recourse to the federal court.

Until the President, who has undertaken the work, and Congress have acted, the committee will secure an agreement which is said to be two years, or the life of the Fifty-eighth Congress.

BRIDE AS A BURGLAR.

Says Her Husband Forced Her to Assist in a Robbery.

Oswego, N. Y. (Special).—Alonzo Clark, 22, and Elizabeth Austin, 19, were married six weeks ago. They are now in jail here, charged with burglary and larceny in breaking into and robbing the store of Truman Cook.

Mrs. Clark is the pretty daughter of Judson Austin, of Phoenix. Before her marriage she was a bookkeeper.

On the night of February 5 she says her husband forced her, by threats and fear of bodily harm, to accompany him to the Cook General Store, at Hastings Centre, near here, and assist him in entering and robbing it. She says she dressed in male attire and waited outside the store while he broke a window in the rear and went in. He signaled, and she followed him through the window. She says she pointed out the most valuable goods, and held the bags and baskets while her husband filled them. They had been married two weeks at the time of the theft.

BOY OPENED THE SWITCH.

Wrecked the Seaboard Limited Train Just to See What Would Happen.

Savannah, Ga. (Special).—It was developed by officials of the Seaboard Air Line that a boy named Birdie Ryals, eight years old, opened the switch at Evergreen, Fla., which caused the wreck there a few days ago of the Seaboard's limited from Jacksonville to New York. No reason is assigned except that the child wanted to see "what would happen."

Thirty minutes before the arrival of the train the boy told Postmaster A. Herring, of Evergreen, that he intended to open the switch, but the postmaster, though he lives within 150 feet of the switch, took no notice of the boy's threat. Both the boy and Herring have confessed to these facts.

Acting Superintendent A. W. Tousley, of the Fifth Division, said the boy was in the custody of officers of the road.

Burned to Death.

Washington, N. J. (Special).—Two men were burned to death at Oxford furnace. The Empire Steel and Iron Works recently erected a large air compressor plant with which the mines are operated. At one end of the building a large coal bin had been erected and had just been filled for the first time. The weight of the coal caused one end of the brick wall to give way into the boiler room, breaking the steam pipes. Benjamin Jones, 64 years old, a fireman, was caught in the ruins and his body was burned to a crisp. A Hungarian laborer was also killed, but the body is buried under tons of coal and debris and has not been recovered.

Saxony Shaken.

Berlin (By Cable).—Earth shocks have been felt for two days in the district of Voigtland, Saxony, and in the Erzgebirge (Ore mountains). The inhabitants of Graslitz left their houses and passed the night in the streets. Tremors were felt so far as Pluen, Reichenbach and Zwickau. Houses at Unter Sachsenberg and at Asch shook for several seconds. There was great excitement throughout the affected district.

WITH THE NATIONAL LAWMAKERS.

Fifty-Seventh Congress Ends—A Stormy Session.

Amid smiles in the Senate and tears in the House the Fifty-seventh Congress ended at noon Wednesday. There was the usual crowd in both galleries of Congress, and persons eager to witness the closing scenes in both branches flocked through the corridors in the big building on Capitol Hill, and for an hour before the time of adjournment made the life of the doorkeepers very uncomfortable by repeated efforts to gain admission to one of the galleries.

Both branches of Congress assembled at 10 o'clock after their long night session, which lasted in the House until nearly 4 o'clock and in the Senate until 2, and as a consequence the senators especially were late in assembling. At the meeting hour, when President Pro Tem. Frye mounted the steps to his desk, there was considerably less than a quorum of senators present in the chamber, and after Senator Frye had called the body to order Senator Cockrell insisted upon the presence of a quorum, and slowly one by one the delinquent senators made their appearance until the requisite number answered to their names, and the Senate was able to proceed with the business.

President Signs the Bills.

Meanwhile, President Roosevelt, accompanied by several members of his Cabinet, including Secretary Cortelyou, the baby of his official family, arrived at the Capitol and was shown to the President's room in the rear of the Senate chamber. Here he was greeted by quite a number of senators and the other members of his Cabinet who had not come with him from the White House. The President drove down Pennsylvania avenue in the White House carriage, accompanied by his son Kermit, who had expressed a desire to see a "Congress die," and was taken by his father to ride down the Avenue on a 4th of March.

The day, so far as the weather went, was clear and balmy, and as the presidential party passed down the wide Avenue many remarked that it would have been a perfect day for inauguration. On arriving at the president's room President Roosevelt found a number of bills awaiting his signature, although the great majority passed during the closing hours of the session had been sent to the White House and had become laws before the President left his executive offices. The two most important bills awaiting the President at the Capitol were the Naval and General Deficiency Appropriation Bills. After conferring with Secretary Moody and Secretary Shaw on these bills, the President signed them and then turned his attention to other bills awaiting his signature.

Billion-Dollar Congress.

Meanwhile in the Senate Senator Allison, as chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, made a statement regarding the amount of money appropriated by the expiring Congress as compared with the appropriations of the Fifty-sixth Congress. The total appropriation for the present Congress, he stated, was $1,554,108,518, as compared with $1,440,489,438 for the Fifty-sixth Congress.

It was a curious but necessary thing, he said, to make this comparison more in detail than by a mere statement of aggregates. The first and most important item included in this statement for the present Congress is an appropriation of $50,130,000 for the Panama Canal, which, he said, accounts for nearly one-half of the increase.

There is also, he said, an agregate appropriation for the Postoffice Department of $153,401,549 for the next fiscal year, as compared with $138,000,000 for the current year, making a difference of more than $50,000,000 in excess of the appropriations for the last Congress for the postal service. This, he explained, arises from the enormous increase in expenditures caused by increased postal business. Then, too, he said, the rural free delivery service required large sums. There was, he said, a smaller deficiency than there has been in many years in the postal receipts as compared with the expenditures.

In the Departments.

Governor Merriam, director of the census, resigned to accept the vice-presidency of the International Mercantile Agency of New York.

Minister Bowen and Baron Moncheur signed the Belgium protocol for the settlement of that country's claims against Venezuela.

Lieut. Chester Wells, tried by court-martial for casting away his vessel, the tug Leyden, was acquitted.

Minister Powell reported that the Dominican government had settled the Ros and Clyde claims.

Senator Gorman was elected chairman of the Democratic caucus, which increased the membership of the steering committee to nine and authorized the committee to decide upon the course to be pursued with reference to the question of reorganization of the Senate committees.

By an arrangement for the distribution of federal patronage agreed upon by Senators Allee and Bail, of Delaware, the ratification of William M. Byrne for United States district attorney is assured.

The Bureau of Insular Affairs published a pamphlet containing the telegraphic correspondence of Aguinaldo prior to the fall of Manila.

Senator Tillman has declared his purpose of talking to death the nomination of Dr. Crum as collector of customs at Charleston, S. C.

Capt. B. H. Tillie, commandant at the League Island Navy Yard, has made application for retirement.

The President sent to the Senate the nominations of W. D. Crum to the collector of customs at Charleston, S. C., and of William A. Day and Milton D. Purdy to be assistant attorneys general.

The Anthracite Strike Commission heard statements made by representatives of both sides regarding the matter of payment for coal mined.

The Western Retail Lumber Dealers' Association withdrew from affiliation with the National Association of Wholesale Lumber Dealers.

Dr. Hugh M. Smith, deputy commissioner of fish and fisheries, is going to Japan to study the Japanese method of terrapin cultivation.

Baron von dem Busche Haddenhausen has been selected to succeed Count Quadt as counselor and first secretary of the German Embassy at Washington.

NINETEEN LIVES ARE LOST

A Terrible Struggle for Life in the Hudson River.

SEVENTY MEN WERE IN THE WATER.

While Crossing the River on a Scow to Their Work on a Dam at Spier Falls a Boy Who Had Fallen Overboard the Day Previous Again Causes a Scare, the Boat Careens and Fills and All Are Thrown Overboard.

Glens Falls, N. Y. (Special).—Nineteen men are dead as a result of the capsizing of the ferryboat used by workmen at Spier Falls, about 10 miles west of Glens Falls, on the Hudson river. Over a thousand men are employed there at present in the construction of the power dam of the Hudson River Power Company. The laborers and many of the masons are Italians, who live in shanties on the north side of the river. The main portion of the work is carried on at present on the opposite side of the river. The men have been in the habit of crossing a small bridge where the river flows through the unfinished portion of the dam, but the river has been rising for several days, and the company, fearing that the bridge was unsafe, destroyed it with dynamite.

Below the work, about a half mile, is a ferry. The boat is a scow-shaped affair 30 feet long and 13 wide, and is operated by means of cables. It is large enough to carry a heavily loaded team, and as many as 150 men have been taken across at one time.

Friday, when the men were being ferried across an Italian boy known as "Cigarette" became frightened and fell overboard. He was rescued, however. Saturday morning 70 or 80 men got aboard, and the boat started, leaving a big crowd on the bank waiting for the next trip. When 80 feet from shore, the water splashed against the rail, and the Italian boy who had fallen over the previous day seized one of the tackle ropes which ran from the overhead cable to the stern of the boat. Some of the men started toward him, and instantly the boat careened and filled, everyone being thrown into the water. The Hudson, swollen by the freshet, bore a score or more of the struggling men down the stream. Many others succeeded in catching hold of the boat, which had righted, and they clung there until pulled ashore.

The wildest excitement prevailed, but the current carried many of the men in toward shore, where they were rescued.

Teams were quickly harnessed and loaded with the skilled log drivers and sent down along the river to points where the bodies would be likely to land. Dozens of dinner pails, hats and coats were fished out, but it was nearly 4 o'clock before the first body was found. This was found in a log jam two miles below the dam, and was recognized as that of Fred Forran, an Italian interpreter.

The river for miles is being watched and dragged in hopes of finding bodies of the other victims. There were but two or three English-speaking men on the boat, the Italians being all designated by number. The rolls of the men were called and everybody had been accounted for except 16 men, and it is certain that these men were drowned.

EXTORTION BY VICEROYS.

Collection of Indemnity a Double Hardship on Chinese.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—While no advices have been received at the Chinese Legation here regarding the serious condition of affairs which is approaching a crisis in the interior of China as a result of the renewed activity of the Boxers and of other rebels in various parts of that country, it is the understanding that the new Minister, Sir Liang Chen Tung, who sailed from Hongkong on February 27 on the steamship Korea for San Francisco, will bring to Washington important instructions bearing on the subject.

In addition to the uprising of the rebels and the increased importation of arms the extortion practiced by the Viceroys in the collection of the indemnity is said to have caused the most distressing conditions in many provinces. European advices that have reached Washington in the last few days show no evidence of weakening on the part of the powers in their demands for the payment of the indemnity in gold. This problem will be the first which the new Minster will grapple with upon his arrival in Washington. He is expected here early in April.

Besides Sir Liang there are 60 members in his party, including new charges d'affaires and secretaries for the Chinese legations in Spain, Peru and Cuba, Consuls-General for San Francisco and New York, a Consul and Vice-Consul for Honolulu and first Secretary, Mr. Chen, to succeed Mr. Shen, who will return to China.

Paul Kruger a Wreck.

Paris (By Cable).—From Mentone comes the most distressing news of the condition of Paul Kruger, the veteran Boer leader, whose present home is there. The health of the former head of the republic in far South Africa has become affected to such an extent that his friends are alarmed and fears are entertained of early dissolution. Mr. Kruger is described as having sunk into an absolute lethargy, his mind having failed under the fearful strain to which the old patriot has been subjected during the long, weary months following the reverses of his army and his flight from his beloved land.

Text of the Protocols.

Caracas (By Cable).—The text of the protocols with the allied powers was published in the Official Gazette here. The protocols are coolly received by the Venezuelans, who say that Congress is not favorable to their approval. The government issued a decree prohibiting navigation on the Orinoco and declaring a blockade of the ports of Barcelona and Carupano, now occupied by the rebels. The revolutionist forces have returned to Guatire.

MASSACRE ALL FOREIGNERS.

Movement Organized in Northern China By Tung Fu Hsing.

Victoria, B. C. (By Cable).—Further news regarding the rebel movement organized in Kansu and Northern China by Tung Fu Hsiang, having for its object the massacre of foreigners and the placing of a new emperor on the throne at Pekin in the person of Prince Tuan's son, was received by the steamer Empress of India.

The Shanghai Mercury sent its native correspondents to the scene and they have reported that the rebel leader is constantly in communication with Yung Lu and other officials. The correspondent saw the troops being drilled, the bodyguard being of foreign trained soldiers.

During the early part of January orders came to the imperial commander of Kansu to arrest Tung. Tung visited the commander, accompanied by his bodyguard, and intimidated him. Orders were afterward received from Pekin, which resulted in assistance being given to Tung by the commander.

The correspondents tell of different messages which have passed between Yung Lu and Tung telling of impending trouble and they also tell of many threats made against foreigners. Instances are given of how natives selling foreign wares have been beaten and the correspondents say that no foreigner would get through the district alive.

According to a dispatch from South China the tribes are said to have thrown in their lot with the rebels in Kwangsi.

NOVEL KIND OF A SUIT.

Old Man Gets Rid of Claim of an Alleged Wife.

Oswego, N. Y. (Special).—In the Supreme Court here Wardwell G. Robinson, 73 years old, president of the Oswego County Bar Association, a colonel in the Civil War, sued to judicially establish the fact that Louise Simmons, aged 56, of 113 Broad street, Newark, N. J., is not and never has been his lawful wife. Mr. Robinson claimed that she fraudulently pretended to be his lawful wife, thus casting a cloud on his estate. Her answer alleged that she had been Mr. Robinson's wife for 36 years and that a 17-year-old daughter was born of said marriage. Mr. Robinson exhibited papers showing that he had paid Miss Simmons $5,800 during the last 12 years and large sums years ago in exchange for a release from any right to his estate. Judgment was taken by default, it being agreed that he pay the defendant $800 annually during her lifetime.

MURDERER KNAPP.

No Doubt Whatever About Defense Pleading Insanity.

Hamilton, Ontario (Special).—Alfred A. Knapp, the self-confessed murderer, was visited by his Cincinnati attorneys and they cannot get ready for the preliminary hearing this week. There is no doubt whatever about the defense pleading insanity and the first movement will be for an inquest.

Knapp's fourth wife, parents, brothers, sisters and brothers-in-law, will testify that Knapp has not been right mentally since he was kicked by a colt when he was 5 years old, and it is expected that neighbors of the Knapps and fellow workmen of the prisoner will testify as to Knapp's queer ways.

Knapp is as indifferent as ever, playing cards and reading, and apparently is the most cheerful of all the prisoners.

Woman Saves Ten Lives.

Pittsburg (Special).—During the destruction of the home of Charles Rosensteel, on Victor Street, Allegheny, by a fire Mrs. Rosensteel rescued her husband and nine children, all of whom were overcome by smoke. Mrs. Rosensteel first carried out her husband and then went back repeatedly into the burning house, carrying out the children two at a time. Her clothing and hair were burned away, but she kept at her work until all had been saved.

Marshal Kills Negro Desperado.

Columbus, Ga. (Special).—Charles Passmore, a negro desperado, was shot and killed by Marshall Campbell, of Phoenix City. Passmore was a member of a gang of thieves, and when the officers attempted to arrest him he resisted and assaulted Campbell, who shot him down. Garfield Thomas, a leader of the gang, was arrested in Phoenix City. Thomas is wanted in Buena Vista, Ga., on a charge of assault with intent to murder.

Sugar From Hawaii.

San Francisco, Cal. (Special).—Seventeen sugar laden vessels arrived here from Hawaii during the month of February, the total receipts for the month being 51,848,900 pounds. The total receipts at this port for the first two months of the year foot up 97,365,000 pounds, against 77,170,500 pounds for the same time last year, showing an increase movement this year of over 20,000,000 pounds.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

Harry Sifton was arrested in Philadelphia on the charge of shooting and killing Archibald McCurdy, in the department store of McCurdy's brother.

The steamer Montauk sailed from Portland, Me., for Hango, Finland, with 300,000 bushels of oats for the relief of the starving Finlanders.

James B. Kellogg, while out on bail pending final decision on two charges of fraud, was arrested on charge of fraudulent use of the mails.

Charges of conduct unbecoming a bishop were brought against Right Rev. Dr. W. H. Moreland, missionary bishop, of Sacramento.

The effect of the strike on the Canadian Pacific has been to tie up freight transportation by water and rail on the line.

James W. Osborne, assistant district attorney of New York, who conducted many important criminal trials, resigned.

Prof. Gaston Paris, a member of the French Academy, is dead.

Earthquake shocks drove the people of Graslitz, Saxony, into the streets.

SUCCESS.

'Tis the coward who quits to misfortune,
'Tis the knave who changes each ray,
'Tis the fool who wins half the battle,
Then throws all his chances away.

There is little in life but labor,
And tomorrow may find that a dream;
Success is the bride of Endeavor,
And luck—but a meteor's gleam.

The time to succeed is when others,
Discouraged, show traces of tire;
The battle is fought in the home-stretch—
And won—'twixt the flag and the wire!

—John Trotwood Moore.

The Checkmating of Mrs. Cholmondy

"Yes, a certain amount of flirting," began Portia thoughtfully, "a certain amount of flirting is good for husbands. It keeps them from brooding too much on being—husbands."

"Husbands?" queried Mrs. Dill-Bulkley cautiously.

"Well, fiances then," corrected Portia, with a bewitching blush; "it's really about the same thing."

"Oh, is it?" drawled Mildred Mannering, whose "affairs" were semi-monthly at the slowest.

"Nevertheless, I wouldn't advice you to play any fast and loose games with Charlie Cholmondeley," suggested Isobel Kent. "Remember, there's many a slip."

Portia smiled inscrutably. "And on the other hand, Percival Monckton, if he ever could be made to propose, isn't the sort to relinquish anything he wants in favor of anybody else."

"Ah! that's just the point," persisted Portia, "and that's where the fun comes in. He doesn't want me, but I'm going to make him think he does, and tell me so, too, before I leave this house."

"You're a brave girl, Portia," sighed Mrs. Dill-Bulkley, "but there—you are very young!"

"She'll find her match," murmured Mildred languidly, "if she plans to play games with Percival—just when she's within a move of winning, she'll find herself most effectually checkmated, I fear."

"Why, how do you know?" asked Portia, innocently, but Mildred was playing with her rings and did not hear.

It was a week-end house party at the Clinton-Brown's country home. Portia, who, with her aunt, had come down in the early afternoon, found several of her particular set discussing the expected arrival of the unapproachable Mr. Monckton. It happened that Portia had once met this monster months before, and he had made furious love to her for the space of half an hour. Then she was carried off to dress for some charades in process of presentation, and he had taken the midnight train for the Pacific Coast. Under any other circumstances he would not have allowed himself the luxury of lovemaking—had been explained to Portia afterward. Then also had Portia smiled inscrutably. Not that she cared—but—well—"turn about's fair play," in that as in other games.

Now, it also happened that Charlie Cholmondeley, to whom Portia Devine had been engaged for something less than a calendar of moons, had driven over to the little suburban station with her and her aunt on their way to the Clinton-Brown's house party. In some way—known alone to that mysterious Providence, to whose account we are wont to place all of which we cannot otherwise make reckoning—the train began to move just after the ponderous aunt had been assisted aboard, and while Portia and Charlie were still "taking in the air" on the platform. With a scream and a whirl of her chair the aunt thrust a perturbed face out of the window—but there was no help for it now. Portia looked distressed at first, then laughed with childlike enjoyment. Another train was due in less than half an hour—why it would be rather a lark to be traveling alone. Charlie had wired Chicago he would take the 4.15 express for that point, so he could not go with her. He had been due there in fact some days before, but had lingered on at Forestlea, where the good aunt had dozed obligingly and he had Portia all to himself. Who wouldn't have lingered? Just then Jimmy Peyton and the Rev. Pery Albaugh arrived at the little station.

"Best man," explained the succinct Jimmy.

"Mr. Peyton and myself," began the Rev. Perry, "are on our way to Moorecroft to play our respective parts in the cer—"

"Belle Moore? The hateful thing!" Portia broke in, "but it's just like her to do it on the sly like this—she said she'd be married before I was. I wouldn't have put it off," turning in childlike distress to the now beaming Charlie, "if I thought she would do such a thing. Now I'll lose my bet and—"

Tears were imminent.

"Well, a girl that will let herself be done up in this fashion," he began maliciously, "and by Belle Moore, too!"

"But how can I help it now? I'd do anything—" Portia succumbed.

"Easiest thing in the world," rejoined the imperturable Mr. Cholmondeley, catching the eye of Rev. Perry. "It's 3:30 now, our friends here leave on the 3:45, 3:50 your train comes through, and I take the 4:15, the happiest man on earth if you're only equal to—winning your bet!"

Portia's eyes grew round with wonden—then danced with delight. It savored so temptingly of larkishness.

"And then we needn't tell it till we get ready," she announced, with the air of one much experienced in such manœuvres.

"Certainly not," acquiesced her fiance. "Mr. Albaugh's discretion goes without saying, and as for Jimmy, here—well, we all know Jimmy. Oh, Lady Portia, Lady Portia! You're a brick!" cried the ecstatic Charlie in sight of his great good fortune. Portia married was Portia safe, while Portia promised was—a distracting uncertainty. And then and there, in an angle of the little country station, the deed was done.

"I'll have to wire my chum," the groom had said, as, alone, the two watched the 3:50 south-bound steam in, "but he doesn't count, of course, as he's at the ends of the earth!"

"Oh, that chum," sniffed Portia, "I believe I'm jealous of him. No I don't even want to know his name. I know I'll hate him if I ever meet him."

"You couldn't. No woman can," replied the beaming Charlie, in the blissful security of possession.. "I've told him all about you and he loves you, too, of course. When he saw your picture, though, he said he'd wager I never'd get you."

It was on account of this little incident of the afternoon that Portia had smiled inscruably when admonished to consider the cost of a flirtation with Percival Monckton. It was the second day of the house party. He had arrived—the great unapproachable, the very quiver of whose eyelids it seemed could cause a flutter of feminine hearts, who flirted audaciously along the ragged edges of proposals, but who never yet left himself without a loophole of escape. Portia congratulated herself that she had made great headway. His lovemaking was elaborate, but a trifle indirect, so to speak. Portia felt something decisive must be done, and done quickly.

They were alone that evening in the angle of the music room, where the great piano effectually shut out the rest of the world and the only light was from the low-burning open fire. It was still half an hour before she must dress for dinner—much could be accomplished in half an hour. She sighed artistically.

"I never had a mother, you see, and my aunt—well, you know my aunt."

Percival had been begging for "one—just one." Portia temporized in bewitchinly assumed confusion.

"I don't believe I ought to, as we're not—not engaged, you know. It does not seem quite right, does it?" Portia of all people! "Girls don't do things like that, do they really? Nice girls—who have mothers?"

Here they were discovered by Buttons—with a wire. Now by all that was disconcerting! How should Buttons have known there was anyone in that particular corner of the music room? It was, indeed, a most "unlikely" spot. Chiefly for which virtue Portia had selected it. As Percival with a word of apology broke the seal of the yellow envelope Portia took occasion to surrepitiously pinch her cheeks and fluff the little curls about her forehead. Her blue eyes full of innocence met those of the man at her side as he crumpled the bit of paper in his hand and turned again to her with an increased warmth and eagerness in his manner.

"Just one," he began as if the world held no telegraphic interruptions.

"But do you think it would be quite right, as we're not—you know—not—Ah, Mr. Monckton, you're so much older and wiser than I, you wouldn't ask me to do anything that—that—"

"Perfect!" mentally commented the admiring Mr. Monckton, "you would have made a manager's fortune as ingenue," while aloud he said: "I know—I understand, little girl, and I love you for your trust in me, your sweet, shy ways—half child, half woman, as you are—would you think it right then if we were engaged. Would you? Could you give your little self into my keeping, Portia, sweetheart?"

There was nothing indiscreet about the lovemaking now, his arms were about her, his lips close to hers. Portia's long lashes were discreetly drooped or otherwise the glint of triumph in her eyes must have betrayed her.

"Does that mean?" she asked in her "babyest" voice, "does that mean you really want to marry me, that I will really be Mrs. Percival Monckton?"

"This is genius," thought Monckton. "That you will really, really be Mrs. Percival Monckton," he repeated, "if only you—will."

Portia glowed. At last! In another minute she could have the revenge she had longed for these many moons! Also she thereby won bets that would keep her in gloves, stickpins, and face powder for at least a year. In the interval the crumpled telegram had fallen to the floor, and, after the innate perversity of inanimate things, had proceeded to slowly uncrumple itself until across its yellow face as it lay at Portia's feet the word:

"Portia mine—knot tied today. Explain later. Where's your bet?

"CHARLIE."

The message was plainly discernible. It had followed him from "the ends of the earth" only to arrive at such a moment! His glance followed hers—then their eyes met—hers black with wrath and mortification, his steely with triumph. The dressing bell sounded a welcome truce.—New York Times.

NAMING OF CHILDREN.

A Change of Custom Is Very Desirable.

"With the beginning of the next century, 2000 A. D., let us hope to see a change of custom by the enlightened people of that period as regards the naming of children," remarked a well dressed man in the lobby of an uptown hotel.

"Perhaps personal names may be done away with by that time," suggested another gentleman, "and some personal designation adopted which will be more satisfactory and definite than in use now: one befitting the great advance in civilization and refinement then attained. For instance, let us offer a prayer that in 2000 A. D. parents will not inflict upon their offspring patronymics such as mine—Archibald Archibald."

"Mine is William Williams," replied the first speaker.

"And mine," spoke up the third gentleman, "is Edward Edwards."

"I worry along with MacAllister MacAllister," remarked a Scotchman from the depths of an easy chair.

"The system of personal designation," resumed Mr. Archibald, "which permits parents to impose any name they please upon a child, a name which must cling to him through life, unless he has it changed by legal process, is open to serious consideration and criticism. As another brief example there are in the Washington city directory forty-eight William Johnsons, eighteen John Smiths, forty-five William Smiths, forty William Browns, twenty John Joneses and twenty-two William Greens, to say nothing of the innumerable other similar cases of repetitions

"Another senseless feature as regards names is where an engraved piece of pasteboard is flashed under our plebeian eyes, and our intellects are benumbed with awe as we read something like this, 'Mrs. Reginald Ronaldson Revelstroke-Revelstroke.' Why not add another repetition and say 'Mrs. Revelstroke-Revelstroke-Revelstroke?' One is as senseless as the other, and it would certainly sound startling to hear a leather-lunged lackey call out 'Mrs. Revelstroke Revelstroke-Revelstroke's carriage!' The hyphenated repeated name, alas is growing in popularity in some quarters, but ordinary mortals look upon the affectation as absurd and worthy of the ridicule it receives.

"Repetitions and similarity of names result largely from lack of originality on the part of parents, and also from parental pride. The same old titles are handed down from father to son ad libitum for generations. In a few generations more, if the practice is kept up, there will be, for instance 'John Smith, 42d' which will be as much in keeping as 'John Smith, 2d,' or 'Peter Jones, 3d,' as we see now so often in print, and all of the intervening John Smiths, from '1st' to '42d,' will be simply shadowy, forgotten myths of memory.

"As confusing and objectionable as is this practice, however, it is not so bad as the habit some parents have of giving to their child the same Christian name as his surname, as, by a singular coincidence, four of these unhappy individuals happen to meet in a single hotel at the same time in Washington."

And to celebrate what was certainly a remarkable coincidence all of the gentlemen of one accord retired to the cafe to debate further the situation.—Washington Star.

Insurance Agents' Methods.

Every once in a while the newspapers print stories about the devices adopted by life insurance men, book canvassers and others engaged in similar occupations to gain and hold audience with their prospective victims. A favorite story tells of the life insurance agent who, when on the point of being ejected on the ground that his victim's time was too valuable to waste in listening to insurance schemes, bought five minutes of the time at $1 a minute, the price being set by the owner, of course. At the end of five minutes the insurance man had the victim's signature to a $10,000 policy.

But for simplicity this does not compare with the plan pursued with great success by an insurance man new in town. Admission to the victim being gained, the conversation runs something like this:

Insurance Man—Give me a dollar and I'll tell you something of great interest to you.

Victim (cautiously)—Not so fast; why should I give you a dollar in advance? Tell me your scheme first (or words to that effect).

With an invitation such as that it is plain sailing. This possesses the advantage over the first scheme that in case of failure, even if the agent is not a dollar in, he is, at least, not $5 o"'—New York Sun.

Why He Wept.

It was a cold day, and when a messenger boy with a dispatch for the head of the firm came into the store, leaving the street door open behind him, there were angry growls from the clerks, who shivered in the draught.

"Say, kid, were you brought up in a stable, that you don't know enough to close a door after you?" howled the bookkeeper, a dyspeptic, irritable chap.

The little messenger, apparently hurt to the quick, began to cry bitterly. A kind-hearted clerk went over to him and patted him on the shoulder.

"There, my boy," he said, soothingly, "don't take on like that. He didn't mean it. Of course, you weren't brought up in a stable."

"Well, that's just it," whimpered the boy, wiping the tears from his eyes with the cuff of his coat sleeve; I—I was brought up in a stable. They had some donkeys in the stalls there and—and," indicating the bookkeeper with a jerk of his thumb, "every time I see an ass now it makes me feel homesick."—New York Times.

JOKERS BUDGET

A DARK AFFAIR.

"I mustn't see you any more," she said,
"So papa said to-night."
The youthful swain, to strict obedience bred,
Straightway put out the light.

—Chicago Post.

WISER.

Jerry—Is the world getting better?

Jack—It is getting wiser; I have an awful thing trying to borrow money.—Detroit Free Press.

UNBUSINESSLIKE.

Husstler—I've no time to stop now. I'll give you a dime on my way back.

Tatterden Torne—You've no idea of how much money I've lost by giving credit that way.—New York Sun.

SCRUBBING THE LANDSCAPE.

Hubbub—How bright and clear verything looks out here.

Subbub—Yes. We had a couple of detectives scouring the country last week.—Philadelphia Record.

DIDN'T CONCERN HIM.

Lawyer—The jury has brought in a sealed verdict in your case.

Prisoner—Well, tell the court that they needn't open it on my account.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

COLD CALCULATION.

"What a luxury a clear conscience is," exclaimed the high-minded statesman.

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum, "it's a luxury, but it isn't a necessity."—Washington Star.

AH, YES!

"That's a beautiful rug. May I ask how much it cost you?"

"Three hundred dollars' worth of furniture to match it."—Chicago Tribune.

TRY, TRY AGAIN.

Mrs. Hector—I never saw such a man. I've tried to talk reason to you over and over again.

Mr. Hector—Well, keep on trying, my dear; perhaps you will succeed by and by.—New York Sun.

SUPERFICIAL KNOWLEDGE.

"Who was that man at the door?" asked John.

"I don't know just who he is," replied mamma, "but I know his face."

"Well, how is his face?" persisted John.—The Little Chronicle.

AN ADVANTAGE.

"Remember, my little man," said the good-natured tourist, "that you may be president some day."

"Yes," answered the South American small boy, "and that's no idle boast here. We change presidents often enough to give everybody a show.—Washington Star.

REALISM UP TO DATE.

Watkins—Are Dobson's pictures realistic?

Witkins—Realistic! I should say so! Why, he painted the picture of a conflagration so realistically that an automatic alarm box in his studio went off and brought out the Fire Department.—New York Herald.

CURIOSITY.

Claribel—You told me you were never going to write to young Hankinson again.

Angie—He's written me a dozen letters I haven't answered, but in his last one he left a page out, and I had to write and ask him what it was about.—Chicago Tribune.

WHOSE?

Schoolboy—Did you know about that baby that was fed on elephant's milk and gained twenty pounds a day?

Schoolmaster (indignantly)—No, I didn't. Whose baby was it? Answer me or I'll thrash you.

Schoolboy—The elephant's baby.—Tit-Bits.

HE HAD REASONS.

"A man in a profession," said the man hanging on Strap No. 2, "must have a wide circle of friends. He can't afford to cut his acquaintances under any circumstances."

"I don't agree with you," mildly remarked the man on Strap 4.

"You don't? And what is your profession, sir?"

"I am a surgeon."—Baltimore News.

WHAT HE WOULD SAY.

Fussicus—And what would you say, sir, if I were to tell you you were not a gentleman?

Frosticus—I would immediately reach the conclusion that you and I really had more in common than I had thought we had.—Baltimore American.

THE MOUSE.

The young man kissed her, and she screamed

"What's the matter, Nellie?" demanded a stern voice from upstairs.

"I—I just saw a mouse," she fibbed.

Presently the young man claimed another kiss, and the scream was repeated. Again came the stern voice.

"What is it this time?"

"I just saw another mouse."

Then the old man came down with the house cat, a mouse trap, and a cane, and sat in a corner to watch developments.—Tit-Bits.

Dr. Barnett A. Elzas, of Charleston, has begun an examination of the State records of South Carolina with a view to studying the part the Hebrews took in the early history of that commonwealth.

USE A TELEGRAPH BLANK.

How Bachelors May Safely Make Promises of Marriage.

Lawyer Abe Hummel is authority for the statement that if bachelors who wish to avoid breach of promise suits will use telegraph blanks in doing their proposing they will always keep on the safe side. He bases this assertion on an incident in a Westchester county breach of promise case, in which Mr. Hummel appeared for the defendant. The plaintiff's lawyer began to read the alleged proposal of the defendant to the jury, as it appeared on a message blank. He began with "My dearest Louisa."

Mr. Hummel interrupted. "If the court please, this document is partly printed and partly written. By all the rules of evidence the plaintiff cannot offer parts of that instrument. He must read it all."

The opposing lawyer protested that the printed matter had nothing to do with the case, and the fact that the proposal was written on a telegraph blank was an accident. The court ruled that everything on the blank should be read. Reluctantly the plaintiff's counsel read:

"There is no liability on account of this message unless the same is repeated, and then only on condition that the claim is made within thirty days in writing." And then, after the signature, "Yours lovingly, John," followed by "N. B.—Read carefully the conditions at the top."

It didn't take the jury long to render a verdict.—New York Times.

HOW EARLY SLEDS WERE MADE

Much Inventive Genius Employed in Their Construction.

From history we learn that the boys in the time of George III coasted on sleds made of a small board with beef bones as runners, but these dropped out of sight when an inventive genius built one out of a barrel stave, for his invention was extensively copied. The barrel staves were called "jumpers" and "skippers," and were made of a single barrel stave of moderate width to which was nailed a twelve-inch seat post about amidships. A piece of barrel head constituted the seat. To navigate this craft required no little skill, the revolutions and convolutions performed by the rider while "gittin' the hang of the derned old thing" being akin to the antics of a tenderfoot on a bucking bronco. A more stable and docile jumped was made by fastening two or three staves side by side, but these were not considered as fast travelers as the single staves.—Outing.

Knew Where the Whip Came From.

Signor Marconi, of "wireless" fame, is fond of dogs, and used to own a cocker spaniel of unusual intelligence.

The young inventor says that one day he took this dog to a saddler's with him and bought there a whip. That afternoon the animal was disobedient and he punished it with the whip he had just purchased. But in the evening, when he came to look for the weapon again, it was nowhere to be found.

Just then there was a ring at the bell. It was the saddler, the whip in hand. "Your dog, sir," he said, "brought this to the shop in his mouth this afternoon, and laid it on the door and ran off quickly."

Gen. Butler's Sister Living.

Mrs. Betsey M. Stevens, surviving sister of Gen. Benjamin F. Butler, is 95 years of age.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Centre Hall Hotel

CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.

Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.

Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

Hotel Haag

BELLEFONTE, PA.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Prop.

Heated throughout. Fine Stabling.

RATES, $1.00 PER DAY.

Special preparations for Jurors, Witnesses, and any persons coming to town on special occasions. Regular boarders well cared for.

Spring Mills Hotel

SPRING MILLS, PA.
GEORGE C. KING, Prop.

First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Old Fort Hotel

ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.

Location: One mile South of Centre Hall.

Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.

RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Penn's Valley Banking Company

CENTRE HALL, PA.

W. B. MINGLE, Cashier

Receives Deposits . .

Discounts Notes . . .

ATTORNEYS.

J. H. ORVIS C. M. BOWER E. L. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office in Crider's Exchange building on second floor. jy00

DAVID F. FORTNEY W. HARRISON WALKER
FORTNEY & WALKER
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
Office North of Court House. jy00

HUGH TAYLOR
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business promptly attended to. jy00

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jy00

W. G. RUNKLE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider's Exchange. jy00

S. D. GETTIG
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Collections and all legal business attended to promptly. Consultations German and English. Office in Exchange Building. jy00

N. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building. jy00

G. L. OWENS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
TYRONE, PA.
Our Specialty: Collections and Reports. References on request. Nearby towns represented:—Bellwood, Altoona, Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon. 27sep 00

JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING - PAYS. -

Pittsburg Visible Typewriter

THE ONLY
Perfect Writing Machine made. . . . .
The writing is in Plain View of the Operator all the time.
Simplest and strongest construction, rapid action, easy touch, and adapted to all kinds of work.

Best for tabulating and invoice work.
Universal keyboard.
Removable type action.
Instantly cleaned.
Treble the life of any other machine for good, clean work.

Machines sold on easy payments to parties who can furnish good reference. Send for Catalogue.

Pittsburg Writing Machine Co
208 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Everybody's Shoes Are Here . . . .

Every kind of Boot and Shoe for everybody—men, women, children and the babies, and for every business, every dress and every sport and pastime use. Whether you walk or ride play golf or ball, whether you fish or hunt, dance or go a-bicycling, or whether you like to be dressed up and keep so, we have Shoes for all these uses and for all these purposes.

Our Boots and Shoes are the very best, and our prices the very least.

Agent for W. L. Douglas' $3.00 and $3.50 Shoe for Men, and Queen Quality the famous $3.00 Shoe for Women.

If you want correct Footwear, come to headquarters for it.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10:30 a. m.

Reformed—Centre Hall, 7 p. m.; Union, 10 a. m.; Spring Mills, 2:30 p. m.

Lutheran—Spring Mills, morning; Tusseyville, afternoon; Centre Hall, no services.

Old Centre Hall.

[Dedicated to W. L. Runkle.]

Many times do I think of my boyhood
And oft' pleasant memories recall;
I have never forgot that nice little spot
My old native home, Centre Hall.

A village that's quiet and lonesome
Right under old Nittany's shade;
Where I spent days of joy, years ago when a boy
As there with my comrades I played.

Many times I have climbed o'er the mountains
When my tedious school term was done;
Or walked miles to creek or a mill dam
In search of some fish or some fun.

Again on some special occasion
At the Old Fort a supper we gave;
Or we'd hunt up a crowd of jolly good girls
And all take a drive to the cave.

Another thing, that I remember quite well
I will never forget it at all; [shine
Was our dandy picked Nine, who so brightly did
They couldn't be beat playing ball.

That Nine was a great aggregation—
Each man on the team was a star;
And we made such a great reputation
Through Centre county, we played near and far.

But everything there now seems different
In the town there's not much of a change;
The streets just the same, and so are the houses
Though I noticed they've built a new Grange.

But my boyhood companions have vanished
They have settled in many a spot
There was C. H. Murray and genial Fred Kurtz,
And others I haven't forgot.

One or two of my cronies still live there
And we talked over old days of yore;
There's Editor Smith, we all called him Spike,
And Dave Boozer, who is running a store.

I also met lots of old-timers,
As I strolled up the old fashioned street,
In fact I was kept very busy
Shaking hands with the friends that I'd meet.

There was Murray the Druggist and Mingle,
Sheriff Spangler and old Captain Boal,
Who has charge of the Postal Department
He's again on the Government Roll.

I met plenty and plenty of others
That I well knew in days gone by;
But the list is too long to write them down here
So I guess I had better not try.

My short little trip was delightful
Bright things it did sweetly recall;
This old fashioned town has no great renown
But it's my dear old home, CENTRE HALL.

—By WM. GRIMM.

$75,000 Fire in Williamsport.

Williamsport experienced a $75,000 fire Sunday forenoon, at which time the Ulman opera house building was discovered to be on fire. The third floor was used by Companies D, G and I, Twelfth Regiment, N. G. P. Nearly all the companies' rifles, ammunition, etc., were lost.

Judges Appointed.

Governor Pennypacker Monday sent to the Senate the name of John J. Henderson, of Meadville, Crawford county, to be Judge of the Superior Court of this State, and Michael W. Jacobs, of Harrisburg, to be Judge of the Twelfth Judicial District, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Judge Simonton. The Senate at once confirmed both nominations.

Roll of Honor.

Primary School, Anna Bartholomew, teacher—Helen Luse, Florence Mader, *Alice Rearick, *Verna Rowe, Gertrude Weaver, Clarence Miller, Bruce Stahl.

Intermediate School, F. A. Foreman, teacher—William Bradford, *Ralph Dinges, James From, Guy Foreman, Robert Krumbine, *Charlie Miller, Harry Mader, *Isabel Rowe, Nellie Smith.

Kepler Introduces Bill.

In the House Monday Representative J. W. Kepler, of this county, introduced a bill making it unlawful for persons of either sex of pure Caucasian descent to be joined in marriage with persons of negro descent, and declaring all marriages contracted after January 1, 1904, in violation of the proposed act.

The measure is one that should become a law, and no doubt will. Representative Kepler is gaining a reputation as a legislator. Although this is his first term in the house, Mr. Kepler has been heard from frequently.

REFORMED PASTORATE VACANT.

Rev. G. W. Kershner Becomes Assistant Weighmaster at New York Custom House.

Last week Rev. G. W. Kershner, who for three years had been pastor of the Centre Hall Reformed charge announced that he had been appointed assistant weighmaster of the New York Custom House, and that he would accordingly sever his connection with the charge, Sunday next. The announcement was a genuine surprise to every member of his charge, and, of course, to the public as well. The information was received with regret on every hand, and protests of a selfish nature were entered by every one, because no one desired to lose him as a minister, citizen or associate.

Rev. Kershner will go direct from Centre Hall to New York on Tuesday, and enter upon the duties of his appointment at once. At the end of six months he will be transferred to the clerical department of the custom house, and the probabilities are that he will be rapidly advanced. This prediction of advancement is made because of the fact that he stood fifth in a class of eight hundred who took the same civil service examination.

Rev. Kershner was born in Oley, Berks county, Pa., being a son of George and Catharine Kershner, who were natives of that county. From the public schools he entered the Oley Academy, and later was a student in Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, graduating in 1874. He was then elected principal of the Ashland public schools, which position he filled for five years.

During 1879, Rev. Kershner entered Princeton Seminary, Princeton, New Jersey, and at the close of two years at that institution, he continued his studies at the Lancaster Seminary.

It was in 1882 that he took charge of his first pastorate at Stroudsburg, Pa., where he remained six years. From Stroudsburg he went to Fayette, New York, where he served a charge for twelve years, coming to Centre Hall to round out twenty-one years in the ministry.

Rev. Kershner is particularly well fitted for the ministry, and has been successful in the three fields in which he worked. His sermons are practical; his language clear; his diction faultless and his style beautiful.

Rev. Hepler's New Charge.

Rev. D. E. Hepler, of the Lemont Presbyterian church, has accepted a call to Ansonville, Clearfield county.

Lutheran Services Recalled.

The services announced for Sunday evening in the Lutheran church, Centre Hall, are recalled.

J. M. REARICK, Pastor.

Withdrew His Resignation.

Dr. J. T. Rothrock, Forestry Commissioner, whose resignation was in Governor Pennypacker's hands for some time, and who determined last week that his health would no longer permit of his performing the duties of the office, has submitted to the demand from all over the State that he remain at his post, and has withdrawn his resignation.

Wedding on Twenty-sixth.

Mr. and Mrs. James Durst, of Potters Mills, have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Blanche, to Harry W. Harper, of this place. The ceremony will take place Thursday, March 26th, at twelve o'clock noon. The young couple are well known in the valley, and have the best wishes of their many acquaintances.

Evangelical Appointments.

The Eastern Pennsylvania Evangelical Conference, held at Reading, adjourned Friday night. Rev. Mr. Leopold, after a trial of six days, was deposed as presiding elder. He then acknowledged the justice of the verdict and was restored to the ministry. He has been a preacher for thirty-six years. He was appointed to the Ninth Street church, Philadelphia. Other appointments are: Williamsport, J. W. Boyer; Sugar Valley, J. H. Willauer; Lock Haven, J. G. Martin.

The Church, the School, the Grange.

Every rural community needs at least three institutions—the Christian church, the public school and the Grange hall—the church to foster the spiritual interests of the people, the school to give the children the foundation of an education and the grange as a social, educational, business centre. Few would care to live where the first two are not within easy reach, but the community that has only these suffers a great loss. Broad intellectual and even moral development come only from contact of mind with mind. In the country this contact does not come from the nature of the surroundings as it does in the centre of the population. It must be provided for or the people will lead isolated lives. Isolation means narrowness and dullness. When the people meet to give the hand clasp of fraternity, to deliberate on questions of common interest, and to co-operate in matters that concern them, dullness and narrowness have no place.

If you saw it in the Reporter it is true.

$7350 FIRE AT SPRING MILLS.

C. J. Finkle's Store, and Postoffice Building of C. A. Krape Entirely Destroyed.

A destructive fire occurred in Spring Mills Sunday night at 10:30 o'clock, which wiped out of existence fully $7350 worth of property, and threatened the destruction of all the dwellings on the creek road. According to the reports of several correspondents to the Reporter from Spring Mills, the fire commenced in the building owned and occupied by C. J. Finkle. The structure was arranged for a store building and a dwelling place, and as stated above, both compartments were occupied by Mr. Finkle.

The fire originated in the store room but how, or anything leading to the cause remains a mystery.

The ringing of the church bells and cry of fire soon gathered a great number of people to the scene of the conflagration, each of whom assisted in removing the household effects of Mr. Finkle and the postoffice fixtures, mail, and stock of boots and shoes from the store room of C. A. Krape. Mr. Krape's shoe store, in which was located the postoffice, stood close to the Finkle store room, and every one could see that it would be useless to attempt to save the building from the mad flames. The goods were therefore all removed to a place of safety, making the loss to Mr. Krape in stock comparatively small.

The farm residence of Allison Bros. located a short distance north of Finkle's store room, was only saved from utter destruction by heroic efforts, cool judgment and a determination to save it at all hazards. The building is an old log structure, recently refinished. The siding, sash and glass in entire south side is gone. This building was occupied by the families of H. F. Rossman and John Brown who had their household effects removed to places of safety.

Mr. Krape's stock is valued at $3000, on which he carries an insurance of $2300.

The shoe store and postoffice building will be rebuilt at once. The proposed structure will be two story in height, 25x50 feet, and will be suitably arranged to carry on his shoe business and accommodate the postoffice. The postoffice for the present has been transferred to Mr. Krape's private residence, and the shoe store has been given quarters in the same building.

Mr. Finkle has not decided whether he will rebuild.

The fire was undoubtedly of an incendiary nature.

THE LOSS.

	Loss.	Ins.
Finkle's store house and dwelling	$1500	$1200
Finkle's stock store goods	5000	2800
C. A. Krape's store building	750	475

Krape's loss on stock and fixtures is about $300, fully insured.

New Subscribers and Losses.

The Reporter's subscription list was increased since last Thursday by the addition of the following names: Rev. A. A. Black, Boalsburg; Floyd Bowersox, Spring Mills; Hon. James A. Beaver, Bellefonte; Joseph Parker, Potters Mills; Capt. Joseph W. Muffly, Des-Moines, Iowa; Leslie Shilling, Port Allegheny, Pa.; John D. Lucas, Spring Mills. Names cancelled from the list during the past three weeks are John Spangler, Centre Hall; John Grimm, Sylvan Grove, Kansas. The latter was reported by the postmaster as having left the county.

Church News.

There is a vacancy in the Reformed charge of Centre Hall, owing to the resignation of Rev. G. W. Kershner.

Andrew Carnegie contributed $1,500 toward a pipe organ in the Lutheran church of Lewisburg. Also, $1000 for the same purpose to the Reformed church of the same place.

The will of the late Amanda M. Sigler, of Lewistown, leaves the sum of $1,000 each to the Methodist and Presbyterian churches of that town, to be invested for the benefit of the poor.

The Lewistown Methodist church Sunday wiped out its entire indebtedness on the $42,000 church.

Rev. G. W. Kershner will deliver his farewell sermon Sunday evening.

No services in the Lutheran church Sunday night.

The Aaronsburg Reformed charge is yet without a pastor.

Diamond to be Lighted.

The diamond is to be lighted with a powerful gasoline lamp, as the result of a bit of effort, backed by a bit of cash. Those who contributed toward the purchasing of the lamp are noted below:

W. B. Mingle, two dollars; J. D. Murray, one dollar and a half; D. A. Boozer, F. P. Geary, S. W. Smith, Wm. Smith, W. H. Meyer, J. W. Runkle, J. G. Dauberman, one dollar each; Wm. McClenahan, seventy-five cents; G. M. Boal, fifty cents; C. W. Boozer, L. Emerick, L. Jacobs, Chas. D. Bartholomew, twenty-five cents each; H. Fetterolf, fifteen cents; Geo Glace, Harry Reish, J. C. Brooks, F. From, ten cents each.

The contributors, with the exception of a few who live entirely outside of town, either live or have business places near the diamond. F. P. Geary solicited the cash, and but one man asked refused to contribute.

St. Patrick's Day—March 17.

RURAL MAIL SERVICE ROUTE.

North Potter to be Served over 22 1-2 Mile Route—101 Families Reached.

Free rural mail service is to be inaugurated for the territory covered by the North Precinct of Potter township, with Centre Hall as the distributing point.

Valentine Shoenberger, a special route agent of the post office department, has been in town since Monday in the interest of the rural service. The route laid out by him on Tuesday starts at Centre Hall post office, thence to John Conley, east by J. A. Kellers to Perry Breons, retrace to Krape farm and continue south to turnpike at a point near Indian Lane, thence east by pike to public road east of Daniel Kellers, thence north to road leading to Howard Dursts, thence east by the same road to public road leading from Brush Valley road to Union church, thence north by said road to Brush Valley road, thence west to Centre Hall on same road, thence west to Crotzer's hill, thence south by way of David Keller farm and L. Rhone to Boalsburg road, at Boal farm, thence west to J. E. Rishels, retrace to near Richard Brooks on G. M. Boal farm, thence east to Loop road near D. L. Bartges and south on same by Grossman to Strohm farm near Tusseyville, thence east to road at a point east of Samuel Fioray farm, thence north by D. W. Bradford to Boalsburg road near John Kline, thence east on Boalsburg road to Old Fort, thence north to Centre Hall post office, making a distance of twenty-two and three-eighth miles.

The south side of Potter township will be served by two routes from Spring Mills, as recommended by Agent Shoenberger. The route will serve the sections about Centre Hill and Colyer, and close the post offices at those points. The Potters Mills and Tusseyville offices will be kept open.

Considering the topography of the south side and business relations existing between that section and Centre Hall, one would naturally be led to think that Centre Hall would be a more advantageous point for distribution. Agent Valentine Shoenberger represents that Spring Mills was selected as the point from which distribution should be made, because of a petition largely signed by residents of the south side of Potter township asking that Spring Mills be made the distributing point, and although natural conditions seem contrary, the will of the people should be respected.

A Legend.

"The Legend of Penns Cave" should be read by every boy and girl in Penns Valley. The story is one told by a Seneca Indian to the writer, Mr. H. W. Shoemaker, 71 Broadway, New York, when at the age of twelve years that gentleman was visiting McElhattan. The Indian at that time was eighty-three years old, above medium height, squarely built, with strong aquiline features and long, white hair hanging down his broad shoulders. The various Indian names are purely fictitious.

Editor Garver Assaulted.

S. E. Garver, editor of the Worth County Times, Grant City, Missouri, was assaulted by a vicious character, by the name of Phil. Stephens, on the streets of his home town. Mr. Garver was talking to a friend when the villain struck from behind, felling his victim, and then kicked him on the head until he became unconscious, in which condition he remained for several hours.

As is the custom of local newspapers that have the interest of their town at heart, the editor of the Times through its columns attacked a number of outlaws, and compelled the town authorities to drive them from their borders. The villain in question made the cowardly assault in consequence.

The editor who honestly performs his duty toward his fellow citizens, maintains the honor and dignity of his town or city, is in constant danger of bodily harm from such cowardly brutes, and is the constant object of attack by the vituperator, who would undermine, make useless or totally destroy every institution which the decent, prudent and wise strive to maintain.

LOCALS.

John, the little son of J. W. Whiteman, is ill with scarlet rash.

A little son of Mr. and Mrs. Clement Luse is ill with scarlet fever.

W. B. Mingle, Esq., beginning of the week spent several days about Coburn on business.

J. W. Mitterling, near Tusseyville, will have a fine lot of cows to sell at his sale on Saturday, 21st inst.

W. Gross Mingle, of Bellefonte, Tuesday made a tour of Penns Valley in the interest of the Howard Creamery Corporation.

Messrs. Roy Shaffer and Morris Breon, east of town, have been spending their spare time killing wild ducks. The former has three of the web-feet to his credit, and the latter one.

Morris A. Burkholder, of Centre Hill, was a caller Wednesday. He purposes going to Altoona Monday, and enter the Pennsylvania car shops. He is an industrious, honorable and intelligent young man, and will be able to give his employer good service.

THE · STAR · STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

GEO. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

SMALL PROFITS.

It is very plain that no business can be carried on successfully without a profit, and this is always what we aim to have, because we are no exception to the above. But then there is a difference in profits. It may be that close, active 10 or 25 per cent, or it may be the dutchman's 1 per cent., "vot I buys for von dollar I sells for two." Now, we want the trade to understand that we have a profit on everything we sell, and our aim at all times, is not to see how much we can get for goods, but to see how low we can sell them.

We are in a position today to sell you goods for less money than you can buy elsewhere in the valley, and we propose to do so. It has taken a few years to attain to this position, but we're there now, and we will prove to you that what we say is a fact. In the previous few weeks advertising you have been told how it is done, but will carry the old story still farther, our greatest argument in support of the above is that we sell only for cash to everybody, of course we take all kinds of country produce and consider it the same as cash. Then we have one price to everybody, and all goods marked in plain figures, in full view to all customers. You see the price without asking. Then again we do not give a broom or a box of matches of a Saturday to sell you a pair of shoes and in connection charge you for two brooms and a gross of matches. We do not deny that we did one day cater to that principle, but that is gone by the board, and our object is to sell you everything cheap.

We are highly pleased with the way you are responding to our method of doing business and in the future propose to show you much profit, for you, if you will take advantage of our offerings.

Have not the room this time to quote any prices, but must not fail to call your attention to our fresh Garden Seeds. All 5c packages sold at 3c. per pack., don't pay more as these are full size.

If you are not already a customer of the Star Store, fall into line and you will never be sorry for it.

THE STAR.

The Centre Hall Bargain Store.

We are placing some very good values in the hands of our customers from our dry goods counter in the line of Muslins, Ginghams, Calicoes, Shirtings, etc. Don't fall short of this; you will miss it if you don't come soon, as many are taking advantage of this opportunity. We still call your attention to our Winter line of goods. They are going at prices that you will be sorry you missed. Your neighbor will get them and you get none; come at once.

We have a very good line of Brooms and Brushes for Spring use.

SHOES—We are in a position to do you good in this line. Our line is complete in Men's, Ladies', Misses', Boys', Youths' and Children's. Be sure to examine our shoe stock.

Saturday of this week we will sell you MEN'S COTTON HOSE at a price that you will smile at when you see the goods. Don't forget the time.

A free entertainment will be given Saturday.

Centre Hall, Pa. **J. F. SMITH.**

The New Cash Store

THERE ARE OTHERS—

There are others who are selling goods at low prices, but the goods and prices now shown at the New Cash Store, in the Brick Store Room at Spring Mills, are such as will surely be of interest to you. It is true that we sell for CASH, but we give you marvelous discounts—very high rates of interest for the small amount of money you pay us; besides we will exchange our goods for your produce and allow you the highest possible market value. Why should you go elsewhere if you can save money by dealing with us.

Be sure and call to see our new line of—

Assorted Glassware at 10 Cents Per Piece,

This assortment includes Cake Stands, Water Pitchers, Bread Plates, Fruit Dishes, and many others.

For Your Inspection We Have the Following:

Good quality rice 5c lb., lima beans 7c lb., Deitz lantern globle 7c, 8 in. Black Diamond flat saw file 12c, Arm and Hammer Soda 10c lb., best prunes 10c, best table syrup 10c qt., Lion coffee 10c lb., guaranteed Scotch Damask table cloth 25c, regular $1.00 Raglan dress shirt 78c, good quality counterpane 95c. All other goods sold on the same basis. Inspect our stock and be convinced that our store is the place to deal.

SPRING MILLS, PA. **B. W. RIPKA.**

LOCALS.

Centre Reporter, $1.00 per year, in advance.

Mrs. Julia Brown, relict of the late Henry Brown, died at her home at Hublersburg last Thursday, aged seventy-two years.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homan, of near Centre Hall, accompanied the former's brother and family to Bellefonte and there gave them good bye.

W. R. Brachbill, son of Mrs. Margaret A. Brachbill, of Bellefonte, was seriously injured by being run over by a freight train on which he was brakeing at Punxsutawney Tuesday. The forepart of both feet were cut off, and one arm was crushed necessitating amputation at the shoulder. His condition is serious.

Ex-Sheriff John P. Condo, of Millheim, was a caller Wednesday. Mr. Condo represents Spargins, Buck & Co., wholesale boot and shoe dealers, of Baltimore, and covers the territory between the hard and soft coal regions. The ex-Sheriff will move to Sunbury by April first, in order to be more conveniently located. He will open permanent sample rooms in Sunbury after he becomes a resident of that place.

A very pretty wedding took place on Wednesday evening of last week, at the Lutheran parsonage at Pine Grove Mills. The contracting parties were Mr. I. Wm. Wert and Miss Carrie B. Davis. The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. T. Aikens. The groom is an industrious young man and operates a stave mill near Graysville, and the bride is a daughter of B. F. Davis, of Baileyville.

Recently Mrs. Tate, of Oak Hall, had a strange experience. A bird flew in her face with such force that its beak penetrated the flesh. Thinking it was a bad omen the lady became frightened to such an extent that she fell unconscious to the floor where she was found by her nephew who happened to come there. Mr. Tate being away she was all alone with her two small children. She remained in that state over an hour.

Spring Mills Academy.

The spring term of the Spring Mills Academy will open April 13, 1903, and continue eight weeks.

Those desiring information should write to the principal,

W. P. HOSTERMAN,

February 26, 1903. Penn Hall, Pa.

Linden Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. James M. Ross gave a reception Saturday evening in honor of Henry Moyer and his bride, of Hiawatha, Kansas, who were visiting friends about Linden Hall. Mr. and Mrs. Moyer left for Bellefonte Monday and from there they will leave for their western home.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Reitz entertained quite a number of friends from Sunbury over Sunday among whom was Mrs. Reitz' brother, Mr. Dornseif.

Miss Luella Ross returned Friday from a two months' visit with friends in Altoona.

Little Sallie Kerstetter who has been seriously ill with inflammation of the bowels for the past month is improving slowly.

Lloyd Worral expects to move from Burnham to the Potter sisters farm, and John McPherson to the Allen house in Boalsburg.

Mrs. Alonza Rupp, of Altoona, is spending a few days with Mrs. Carper.

Ed. Carper left Tuesday for Pittsburg, where he has secured employment for the summer.

Miss Janet McFarlane left last week for an extended visit among friends in the eastern part of the state.

Bruce Lonbarger and family, of Pocahontas county, West Virginia, are home for a few weeks' visit.

The Linden Hall Lumber Company sent one of their engines away for repairs and the crew will be off duty for several weeks.

WANTED—By the Howard Creamery Company, at the Centre Hall plant, a ton of poultry. Highest price paid for eggs.

HOWARD CREAMERY CO.

Wanted, Car Load Apples.

Wanted within the next ten days a car load of apples. Cash paid.

Also, pork ank beef. Call at my store any time, Spring Mills, Pa.

C. P. LONG.

Farmers Take Notice.

Just received a car load of smooth and barb fence wire; fifty roll Poultry Netting from two to six feet wide, which will be sold at prices that will surprise everybody. Come at once, it won't last long. All wire and netting must be sold for cash or its equivalent.

O. T. KORMAN,

mch5-4t Spring Mills.